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Reg.	No

FIFTH SEMESTER U.G. DEGREE [SPECIAL] EXAMINATION NOVEMBER 2020

(CUCBCSS—UG)

Islamic Finance with Computer Application

IFC 5B 07—BUSINESS MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS

	(2014 A	dmis	ssions)
Time: Three	e Hours		Maximum : 80 Marks
	Section A (Objecti	ve T	Type Questions)
	Answer al	$\mathbf{l} q u$	estions.
	$\it Each~question$	carr	ies ½ mark.
1. Transp	oose of a rectangular matrix is a		
a)	Rectangular matrix.	b)	Diagonal matrix.
c)	Square matrix.	d)	Scalar matrix.
2. If A	= 0, then A is:		
a)	Zero matrix.	b)	Singular matrix.
c)	Non-singular matrix.	d)	Symmetric matrix.
3. The qu	antity which minimises the sum of	inve	ntory carrying costs and ordering costs is called
the :	(C)		
a)	Buffer Stock.	b)	Safety Stock.
c)	Economic order quantity.	d)	Reorder quantity.
4. When called-	the rate of interest is calculated	on p	rincipal at a uniform rate every period, it is
a)	Simple Interest.	b)	Compound interest.
c)	Annuity.	d)	Effective yield.

5.	A funct	tion of the form $P(x) = amxn + an -$	1xn	-1++a1x+a0
	a)	Algebraic Function.	b)	Polynomial Function.
	c)	Linear Function.	d)	Quadratic Function.
6.	Statist	ics deals with		
	a)	Individual cases.	b)	Aggregate cases.
	c)	None of these.	d)	Both of these.
7.	The be	st average for constructing index nu	mbe	r is:
	a)	Arithmetic mean.	b)	Geometric mean.
	c)	Harmonic mean.	d)	Median.
8.	Varian	ce is the square of-	٠.	
	a)	Arithmetic mean.	b)	Mean Deviation.
	c)	Quartile deviation.	d)	Standard deviation.
9.	Mediar	n is aaverage.		
	a)	Mathematical average.	b)	Positional average.
	c)	Combined average.	d)	None of these.
10.	The coe	efficient of correlation :		
	a)	Has no limits.	b)	Can be less than 1.
	c)	Can be more than 1.	d)	Lies between – 1 and 1.
		, (b),		$(10 \times \frac{1}{2} = 5 \text{ marks})$
		Sec	tion	B
		Answer any	five	a questions.

Answer any **five** questions. Each question carries 3 marks.

- 11. Find the number of years a sum of Rs. 10,000 will take to become Rs. 18,000 if the rate of interest is 8 %.
- 12. Briefly explain any three mathematical functions.
- 13. If A = [8-3] and B = [4-5]. Find (i) A + B; and (ii) B A.
- 14. What is Primary data?

- 15. Explain any three rules of differentiation.
- 16. Define Arithmetic mean.
- 17. What do you mean by Quartile Deviation?
- 18. Define Regression.

 $(5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ marks})$

Section C

Answer any six questions.
Each question carries 5 marks.

- 19. Explain the limitations of statistics.
- 20. Explain the essentials of a good average.

21.
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ then find $2A - 3B$.

- 22. Briefly explain different types of matrices.
- 23. The sum of two numbers is 48. Find the numbers and their product if the product is Maximum.
- 24. A man borrowed a certain amount of money at 12 % compound interest and cleared the debt by paying Rs. 9,408 at the end of 2nd years. Find the sum borrowed
- 25. Find the inverse of $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
- 26. What is Range? What are the uses of range?
- 27. There are two branches of a company, employing 100 and 80 persons respectively. If the arithmetic mean of the monthly salaries paid by the two companies are Rs. 275 and Rs. 225 respectively. Find the arithmetic mean of the salaries of the employees of the companies as a whole.

 $(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section D

Answer any two questions.

Each question caries 15 marks.

28. Solve the following simultaneous equations using Crammer's rule:

i) 5x - 6y + 4z = 15; ii) 7x + 4y - 3z = 19; and iii) 2x + y + 6z = 46.

- 29. Define statistics and explain its characteristics.
- 30. Calculate Standard deviation for the following data:

Class Interval 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-25 25-30 30-35 35-40 40-45 Frequency 6 5 15 10 5 4 3 2

31. Calculate appropriate index number for the following data and show that it satisfies Time- reversal test:

	Commodity	Base Year		Currer	nt Year	
		Quantity	Price	Quantity	Price	
	A	12	10	15	12	
	В	15	7	20	5	
	C	24	5	20	9	
	D	5	16	5	14	
Ch	D 5 16 5 14 (2					

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$

D 10825	(Pages: 2)	Name
		Reg. No

(CBCSS-UG)

Islamic Finance with Computer Application

IFC 5D 03—ISLAMIC ECONOMIC SYSTEMS

(2019 Admissions)

Time: Two Hours

Maximum: 60 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Questions)

Answer at least eight questions.

Each question carries 3 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 24.

- 1. What are the Islamic strategies of distribution?
- 2. What is the attitude of Islamic economics to private ownership?
- 3. What you mean by equitable distribution of income?
- 4. Quote a Quranic Verse related to the banning of interest.
- 5. What are main characteristics of earnings in Islamic point of view?
- 6. Where does capitalism prevail as the dominant economic philosophy?
- 7. What are the Islamic Economic measures for the Establishment of Social Justice?
- 8. Write on the goals of the Islamic Economic System.
- 9. What are the Islamic Economic measures for fair and equitable distributions?
- 10. What are the principles of distribution in Islamic Economics?
- 11. What is meant by moderation in consumption?
- 12. Why Islam condemns monopoly?

 $(8 \times 3 = 24 \text{ marks})$

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Section B

Answer at least **five** questions. Each question carries 5 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 25.

- 13. Islamic measures and incentives for growth and development.
- 14. Islamic and Economic Development.
- 15. Concept of economic freedom in Islamic economics framework.
- 16. Competition and co-operation in Islamic perspective.
- 17. Compare the concept of equality in Islamic economic system and socialism.
- 18. Ownership pattern of Islamic economics.
- 19. Promotion of Brotherhood and Unity as highlighted in Islamic Economics.

 $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

Section C

Answer any one question.

The question carries 11 marks.

- 20. Explain the significance of Islamic economics in modern period.
- 21. Write an essay on "Comparative study of Major economic systems with Islam".

 $(1 \times 11 = 11 \text{ marks})$

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Islamic Finance with Computer Application

IFC 5D 01—ISLAMIC COMMERCIAL LAW

(2019 Admissions)

Time: Two Hours

Maximum: 60 Marks

Section A

Answer at least eight questions.

Each question carries 3 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 24.

- 1. What is Rahn? How it is practiced?
- 2. What are the essential conditions for validity of a contract according to Islamic Sharia?
- 3. What do you mean by discharge of contract?
- 4. Differentiate between commutative and non-commutative contracts.
- 5. What is breach of contract? What are its remedies?
- 6. Mention the major sources of Islamic Commercial Law.
- 7. What you mean by intermediation contract? What are the important intermediation contracts in Islamic Finance?
- 8. Mention different types of partnership contracts.
- 9. What are the important rules of trade?
- 10. What is Bay Al-Mutlaq?
- 11. What is Urboun?
- 12. What is the logic behind prohibitions?

 $(8 \times 3 = 24 \text{ marks})$

D 10823

Section B

2

Answer at least **five** questions.

Each question carries 5 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 25.

- 13. Legal rules of a valid offer.
- 14. Essential conditions of a subject matter of contract in Islamic Commercial Law
- 15. Structure and Applications of Manufacturing Finance (ISTISNA).
- 16. Important principles and salient features of Wadiah.
- 17. Deferred Payment Sale in Islamic perspective.
- 18. Distinguishing features of Kafala.
- 19. Important issues and challenges in Commercial Law of Islamic Finance.

 $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

Section (

Answer any one question.

The question carries 11 marks.

- 20. "Inculcating ethical values in business and finance is the important difference between Islamic Finance and others". Substantiate the statement.
- 21. How the contracts are to be classified according of business law? Explain the nature and types of classification.

 $(1 \times 11 = 11 \text{ marks})$

D 10822	(Pages : 2)	Name

Reg. No.....

FIFTH SEMESTER U.G. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

(CBCSS-UG)

Islamic Finance with Computer Application

IFC 5B 10—PUBLIC FINANCE IN ISLAM

(2019 Admissions)

Time: Two Hours and a Half

Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A

Answer at least ten questions.

Each question carries 3 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. What is public expenditure?
- 2. Discuss implication of economic stability.
- Define Public utilities.
- 4. What is meant by voluntary sector?
- 5. Write a note on protection of environment.
- 6. What is Kharaj?
- 7. What is poll tax in Islam?
- 8. Distinguish between Fuqara and Masakeen.
- 9. What is meant by Maqasidu Sharia.
- 10. Define the Deficit Budget.
- 11. Discuss the Tax incentives.
- 12. What is Proportional tax?
- 13. Define the Jizya. How is it implemented?

- 14. Distinguish between Zakath and Tax.
- 15. Describe the features of Federal Finance.

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section B

Answer at least five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

- 16. Main sources of public revenue.
- 17. Objectives of fiscal policy.
- 18. Social security functions of state in Islam.
- 19. Rights of religious minorities.
- 20. Compare Tax on land during Prophet (SA) and in the Caliphate of Umar.
- 21. Development of public finance.
- 22. Major categories of Zakath distribution.
- 23. Features of Public treasury of Islamic State.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section C

Answer any **two** questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Explain the role and importance of public finance in modern period.
- 25. Examine the major activities of the state in Islamic perspective.
- 26. Explain the meaning, purpose and distribution of Zakath.
- 27. What is Public choice? Explain its relationship to public fiscal decision making.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$

(CBCSS-UG)

Islamic Finance with Computer Application

IFC 5B 09—FUNDAMENTALS OF ACCOUNTING

(2019 Admissions)

Time: Two Hours and a Half

Maximum: 80 Marks

Reg. No.....

Section A (Short Answer Questions)

Answer at least ten questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. Define Accounting.
- 2. Write any two functions of Accounting.
- 3. What is Going concern concept?
- 4. Write down matching principle of accounting.
- 5. What you mean by capital?
- 6. What is journal?
- 7. What is Trial Balance?
- 8. What you mean by Solvency?
- 9. What is cash flow statement?
- 10. What is Shariah standard?
- 11. What is meant by Islamic financial institutions?
- 12. What are the principles of Mudaraba accounting?
- 13. What is Islamic accounting?
- 14. What are the features of balance sheet of Islamic banks?
- 15. What is the meaning of accounting standard?

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section B (Paragraph Questions)

Answer at least five questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

16. Journalize the following transactions:

	Overall (Ceiling 30.	
Journalize the following transact	ions:		
		Rs.	
Commenced business with cash		1,00,000	
Purchased goods for cash		20,000	
Purchased furniture		3,000	
Paid rent		800	
Purchased goods on credit		5,000	
Sold goods for cash		9,000	
Sold goods on credit		4,000	
Paid to creditors		3,000	
Paid salary		2,000	
Withdraw for personal use		2,000	

17. From the following ledger balances prepare a Trial Balance of Mr.Rahul as on $31^{\rm st}$ March 2017:

	Rs.		Rs.
Purchases	82,000	Wages	7,200
Opening stock	15,000	Rates	750
Bills payable	4,300	Commission (cr)	1,200
Rent (cr)	3,600	Furniture	6,000
Land and building	48,000	Cash in hand	920
Sundry debtors	28,000	Bills receivable	6,500
Carriage inwards	800	Bad debts	600
Sales	1,30,000	Sundry creditors	23,800
Capital	43,300	Printing and stationary	650
Discount allowed	580	Salary	9,200

Note: closing stock as on 31st March 2017 Rs. 21,000.

18. Prepare a common size statement:

	2016	2017
Sales	5,10,000	6,15,000
Sales return	10,000	15,000
Cost of goods sold	4,00,000	5,00,000
Office expenses	25,000	30,000
Selling expenses	40,000	51,000
Non-operating income	1,200	2,000
Non-operating expense	1,700	1,800

19. From the following details, calculate current ratio and quick ratio:

	Rs.
Stock in trade	77,000
Sundry debtors	47,300
Cash in hand	6,700
Loans and advances - (short term)	13,300
Prepaid taxes	700
Sundry creditors	23,300
Acceptance	9,460
Dividend warrant issued but not cashed	190
Provision for taxation	10,150

20. From the following P and L account, you are required to compute cash from operating activities:

Profit and loss a/c for the year ending 31st March 2018

	Rs.		Rs.
Salaries	2,500	Gross profit	12,500
Rent	500	Profit on sale of land	2,500
Depreciation	1,000	Income tax refund	1,500
Loss on sale of plant and			
machinery	500		
Goodwill written off	2,000	OX	
Proposed dividend	2,500	4	
Provision for tax	2,500		
Net profit	5,000	,61"	
	16,500		16,500

21. Prepare a Trading and profit and loss account from the following:

	Rs.	10	Rs.
Salary	6,000	General expenses	2,000
Sales	82,000	Stock (opening)	10,000
Purchases	40,000	Drawings	4,000
Sales return	1,000	Wages	10,000
Carriage inward	500	Purchase return	500
Rent	5,000	Debtors	30,000
Carriage outward	2,000	Cash	4,000
Advertising	2,000	Creditors	5,000

Closing stock valued at Rs. 20,000.

- 22. Aims and objectives of AAOIFI.
- 23. Elucidate the ethics in accounting.

Section C (Essay Questions)

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

From the following Trial balance, prepare Trading and profit and loss account for the year ending 31^{st} December 2018:

51 December 2018	_		
	Rs.		Rs.
Debit balances :			
Raju's Drawings	5,000	Freight, duty etc	1,200
Land & Building	45,000	Wages	22,000
Goodwill	7,000	Coal, fuel etc	800
Plant and machinery	28,000	Factory expenses	4,000
Fixtures and fittings	2,000	Salaries	18,000
Stock (opening)	18,000	Rent and rates	6,000
Bills receivable	4,000	Commission	6,000
Sundry debtors	16,000	Commissions	2,500
Purchases	80,000	Discounts	4,000
Returns inwards	1,000	Stationary	500
Carriage inwards	1,500	Sundry expenses	1,800
Carriage outwards	500	Cash in hand	700
$Credit\ balances:$			
Capital	40,000	Return outwards	2,000
Bills payable	6,000	Interest	3,000
Sundry creditors	24,000	Discount	6,000
Sales	1,50,000	Bank overdraft	39,000

Stock in hand on 31st December 2018 is Rs. 20,000.

25. From the following details of ABC Ltd. calculate

(a) Current liabilities.

(b) Current assets.

(c) Liquid assets.

(d) Working capital.

Current ratio

1.6:1

Quick ratio

1.1:1

Stock Rs. 50,000

26. Discuss the Shari'ah Requirements Accounting Concepts.

27. Explain the elements of financial statements in Islamic perspective.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$

D 10820	(Pages: 2)	Name

(CBCSS-UG)

Islamic Finance with Computer Application IFC 5B 08—COMPUTERIZED ACCOUNTING WITH TALLY

(2019 Admissions)

Time: Two Hours and a Half

Maximum: 80 Marks

Reg. No.....

Section A (Short Answer Questions)

Answer at least ten questions.

Each question carries 3 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. What is Posting?
- 2. Write a note on service tax.
- Define cost centre.
- 4. What is stock item?
- 5. What is nominal account?
- 6. What is day book?
- 7. How to create ledger in Tally?
- 8. What is re-order level?
- 9. What is physical stock journal?
- 10. What is cost categories?
- 11. What is inventory turnover ratio?
- 12. What are the Aims and objectives of AAOIFI?
- 13. What are predefined groups in tally?
- 14. What is sales youcher?
- 15. What is stock summary?

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section B (Paragraph/Problem Type Answer Questions)

Answer at least **five** questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 16. Write the types of liabilities present in an Islamic bank's balance sheet.
- 17. What is unit of measure? Explain steps to create unit of measure.
- 18. How to start tally?
- 19. State various inventory voucher used in Tally.
- 20. Explain the procedure for selecting a company and altering a company.
- 21. What is fund flow statement? how it is displayed?
- 22. How to print reports in tally?
- 23. Explain various accounting equations.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section C (Essay Questions)

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. What are the advantages of Tally as accounting software?
- 25. Describe the steps to create a company.
- 26. Explain the procedure for creating budgets in Tally.
- 27. Explain the steps to create alter and delete cost centres and cost categories.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$

O 10819	(Pages: 2)	Name

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(CBCSS—UG)

Islamic Finance with Computer Application IFC 5B 07—FINANCIAL SYSTEM

(2019 Admissions)

Time: Two Hours and a Half

Maximum: 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Questions)

Answer at least ten questions.

Each question carries 3 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. What is the role of NBFC in Indian financial system?
- 2. What are the objectives of insurance?
- 3. Write the features of Financial System.
- 4. What are the financial intermediary institutions in India?
- 5. What are the different types of mutual funds?
- 6. List out the liabilities of a Commercial Bank.
- 7. Distinguish between organized sector and unorganized sector in Indian Financial System.
- 8. Discuss the role of co-operative banks in Indian financial system.
- 9. What are the stock market intermediaries in Indian stock market?
- 10. Discuss the main functions of Primary Market.
- 11. What you know about the features of debentures?
- 12. Distinguish between common shares and preference shares.
- 13. What are the features of Venture Capital?
- 14. What are the financial instruments in financial system?
- 15. Discuss the role of BSE and NSE in Indian stock exchange.

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section B (Paragraph/Problem Type Questions)

2

Answer at least **five** questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 16. Advantages of Capital Market.
- 17. Important functions of Indian Financial System.
- 18. Recent developments seen in Indian Money Market.
- 19. Functions of RBI as a regulatory institution in the country.
- 20. Drawback of Indian financial system.
- 21. Role of SEBI in Indian Financial System.
- 22. Importance of Money Market in economic development.
- 23. Role of insurance company in Indian Financial System.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section C (Essay Questions)

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Explain the defects of Indian money market. Suggest measures to improve Indian money market.
- 25. How the Indian Capital Market works? Explain.
- 26. Role of stock exchange in the development of the country.
- 27. Examine the role and importance of mutual funds in economic growth of the country.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$

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(CUCBCSS—UG)

Islamic Finance With Computer Application IFC 5D 03—ISLAMIC ECONOMIC SYSTEM

		(2	017 Admis	ssions)	10
Time:	Two H	ours			Maximum : 40 Marks
		Part A (O)	bjective Ty	ype Questions)	
			swer all qu uestion carı	estions. ries ½ mark.	
1.		is an economic system	m based on	the private ownersh	ip of the means of production
	distrib	ution and exchange.			
	(a)	Socialism.	(b)	Capitalism.	
	(c)	Both.	(d)	None.	
2.	Tawhio	i means ————.	ν_{l}		
	(a)	Vicegerency of human being	gs. (b)	Justice.	
	(c)	Oneness and Unity of God.	(d)	None.	
· 3.	One of	the major features of Islamic	economic s	ystem is the concep	t that ———.
	(a)	Man is merely a Trustee.			
	(b)	Allah, the Almighty God of	universe.		
	(c)	Both.			
	(d)	None.			
4.	Islamic	economics is ———	in approach	1.	
	(a)	Positive.	, (b)	Negative.	
	(c)	Both.	(d)	None.	
5.	Monope	oly is a feature of ————	 .		
	(a)	Islam.	(b)	Capitalism.	
	(c)	Socialism.	(d)	None.	

6.	6. According to and efforts to obtain them.			nomics is the desire for food and other requi	rements		
	(a)	Mohsin S. Khan.	(b)	S.M. Hasanuz Zaman.			
	(c)	Ibn Khaldun.	(d)	None of the above.			
7.	Socialism is the dominant economic philosophy in ————.						
	(a)	USSR.	(b)	Peoples Republic of China .)		
	(c)	Eastern Europe.	(d)	All of the above.			
8.	Accord	ing to ———	— anything that has	value is considered wealth.			
	(a)	Sharia.	(b)	Qiyas.			
	(c)	Ijmah.	(d)	Ijithihad.			
				$(8 \times \frac{1}{2} = 4)$	l marks)		
			Part B (Short Answ	wer Questions)			
			Answer any fiv e	e questions.			
	Each question carries 2 marks.						
9.	. Which are the most dominant economic systems at present in the modern world?						
10.	In which western countries capitalism is the dominant economic philosophy?						
11.	What does Islamic economics deal with?						
12.	What has resulted in to exploitation?						
L3.	What is the definition of economics according to S.M. Hasanuz Zaman?						
l4.	What is the main and pare mount important major feature of Islamic economic system?						
.5.	What d	oes Islamic econom	ics reflect ?				
		M		$(5 \times 2 = 10)$) marks)		
	11	1,	D / C /CI / IB				

Part C (Short Essay Questions)

Answer any **four** of the following questions.

Each question carries 4 marks.

- 16. Explain the stand of Islam regarding Economic Freedom.
- 17. Analyze the concept of Equity and not Equality.
- 18. Explain the importance of fair and Equitable Distribution.

- 19. Compare the distribution of wealth in Islam and Capitalism.
- . 20. Elaborate, why Islam did ban on Hoarding of Wealth?
 - 21. Enumerate the criteria the integrated model of the Islamic social framework is based on.

 $(4 \times 4 = 16 \text{ marks})$

Part D (Essay Type Questions)

Write on any one out of the following topics.

The question carries 10 marks.

- 22. Analyse the statement "The World Need for Islamic Economics".
- 23. Elaborate and discuss major features of Islamic economy.

 $(1 \times 10 = 10 \text{ marks})$

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FIFTH SEMESTER U.G. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

(CUCBCSS—UG)

Islamic Finance with Computer Application IFC 5B 09—FUNDAMENTALS OF ACCOUNTING

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	(2017 A	dmi	ssions)	(0)
Time: Thre	e Hours			Maximum: 80 Marks
	Part A (Objectiv	e Ty	pe Questions)	
	Answer all tv Each question		-	J'
1) Long t	erm solvency of financial position of	a firi	n is indicated by ———	ratio.
a)	Current	b)	Leverage.	
c)	Liquidity	d)	Primary.	
2) The in	stitution which is developing sharial	n bas	ed accounting standard	is ———.
a)	IASC.	þ)	IFRS.	
c)	IASB.	d)	AAOIFI.	
3) The pr	imary objectives of accounting are to)	 ,	
a)	Maintain records of business.			
b)	Depict the financial position.			
c)	Make information available to vari	ous (groups and users.	
d)	All of the above.			
4) The p	rimary qualities that makes accou 	ıntin	g information useful f	or decision making are
a)	Relevance and freedom from bias.			
b)	Reliability and comparability.			
c)	Comparability and consistency.			
d)	None of the above.		,	
5) Financ	cial accounting providing information	to -		
a)	People outside the firm only.	b)	To directors.	
c)	To shareholders.	d)	None of the above.	

6)	Econor	mic resources o	of an enterprise that c	can be expressed in monetary terms is calle				
	a)	Capital.	b)	Debt.				
	c)	Assets.	d)	Stock.				
7)	Obligat	tions that an ent	terprise has to pay at son	me time in the future is called ————.				
	a)	Liabilities.	b)	Capital.				
	c)	Assets.	d)	Loan.				
8)	In Indi	In India the accounting standards are developed since 1977 by ————.						
	a)	AAOIFI.	b)	ASB.				
	c)	ICAI.	d)	IASB.				
9)	Balanc	ing of an accour	nt means ———.					
	a)	Process of asce	rtaining the difference be	etween the accounts of firm A to accounts of firm I				
	b)	Process of asce	rtaining the difference b	between the two sides of an account.				
	c)	Process of bala	ncing debit and credit.	C				
	d)	None of these.						
10)	The rel	ationship betwe	en debts of a firm and to	otal owned assets is called ———— ratio.				
	a)	Leverage	b) ⁻	Liquidity.				
	c)	Debt equity.	d)	None of these.				
11)	Total a	mount of goods ——.	procured by a business	ss on credit and on cash for use or sale is calle				
	a)	Purchase	b)	Sale.				
	c)	Revenue.	d)	All of the above.				
12)	The rat	tio which means	the ability to meet the	outside liabilities out of total assets is				
	a)	Debt equity.	b)	Solvency.				
	c)	Liquidity.	d)	Coverage.				
				$(12 \times \frac{1}{2} = 6 \text{ marks})$				
	() _/		Part B (Short Answ	wer Questions)				
			Answer any ten Each question carr	•				
13)	What are the main objectives of accounting?							

14) What is Islamic accounting?

15) What is liquidity ratio?

- 16) Define accounting.
- 17) What are the benefits of IFRSs?
- 18) What is balance sheet?
- 19) What is shariah standard?
- 20) What you mean by voucher?
- 21) What are the limitations of accounting ratios?
- 22) What are the uses of fund flow analysis?
- 23) What are activity ratios?
- 24) What is closing entry?

 $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Part C (Short Essay Questions)

Answer any six of the following. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 25) Discuss the limitations of ratio analysis.
- 26) Analyze the significance of debt equity ratio.
- 27) Explain the objectives of fund flow statement.
- 28) Explain the different branches of accounting.
- 29) Elaborate the structure of corporate governance in Islamic finance.
- 30) Bring out the Method of ijara transactions accounting in an Islamic financial institution.
- 31) Discuss basic assumptions of Islamic accounting.
- 32) Discuss the features of balance sheet of Islamic banks.

 $(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Part D (Essay Type Questions)

Write on any two out of the following. Each question carries 12 marks.

- 33) Analyze How Islamic world view and ethics influences the objectives and concepts of modern accounting and reporting?
- 34) Explain the Accounting concepts in Islamic perspective.
- 35) Write a note on the process of accounting of Islamic financial products mudaraba, musharaka, murabaha and isthisnah.
- 36) Discuss trial balance and the objectives of preparing it.

D 10403	(1	Pages :	3) N	ame
			R	eg. No
FIFTH	SEMESTER U.G. DEGR	EE E	XAMINATION,	NOVEMBER 2021
	(CUC	CBCSS	–UG)	
`	Islamic Finance w	ith Co	mputer Applicat	ion
	IFC 5B 07—F	INAN	CIAL SYSTEM	
	(2017	Admi	ssions)	100
Time: Three	Hours			Maximum: 80 Marks
		Part A	A	
•		-	vestions. ries ½ mark.	K 0'
1. Which	of the following banks are not con	nmercia	al banks?	
(a)	Foreign banks.	(b)	State co-operative	e banks.
(c)	Private banks.	(d)	Regional Rural B	anks.
2. A rise i	n reserve ratio of banks will lead	to:	(,5)	
(a)	An increase in money supply.			
(b)	Proportionate increase in money	supply	7.	
(c)	Decrease in money supply.			
(d)	None of these.			
3. The lea	der of money market is ————	 .		
(a)	RBI.	(b)	SEBI.	
(c)	TRAI.	(d)	IDBI.	

	(a)	Stock Exchange.	(b)	Financial market.
	(c)	Financial System.	(d)	Derivative market.
5 .	The ma	arket for extremely short period loar	ı is ca	alled
	(a)	Call money market.	(b)	Money at short notice.
	(c)	T-hill market	(d)	G-sec market.

6.	Which of the following is not a quantitative credit control tool of RBI?				
	(a)	Bank rate.	(b)	Open market operation.	
	(c)	SLR.	(d)	Margin requirements.	
7.		——— market is a market for old is	ssues.		
	(a)	Money market.	(b)	Primary market.	
	(c)	Secondary market.	(d)	All the above.	
8.	Non Ba	anking Financial Institutions (NBF	'Is) ar	e registered under :	
	(a)	RBI Act.	(b)	Banking Regulation Act.	
	(c)	Companies Act.	(d)	SEBI Act.	
9.	A bank	customer can give complaints aga	inst b	anking services through ————.	
	(a)	Banking Grievance cell.	(b)	Banking Ombudsman.	
	(c)	Banking Regulation.	(d)	Complaints cell.	
10.	The lar	gest private bank in India is ——		-6	
	(a)	IFCI.	(b)	IDBI.	
	(c)	ICICI.	(d)	SBI.	
11.	An asse	asset with a physical value is called:			
	(a)	Financial asset.	(b)	Non-financial asset.	
	(c)	Fictitious asset.	(d)	Fixed asset.	
12.	Which	of the following is the only public s	ector	company in the field of insurance?	
	(a)	General insurance company.			
	(b)	New assurance company.			
	(c)	LIC.			
	(d)	New India assurance company.		(10 1/ 6	
	. 1	T	Part E	$(12 \times \frac{1}{2} = 6 \text{ marks})$	
	questions.				
	(C)	. Each questio	-	=	
13.	What is	credit creation?			
14.	What are the different accounts provided by commercial banks?				
15.	Define monetary policy.				

16. What are different types of cheques?

- 17. What are the different types of loans and advances?
- 18. What is money market?
- 19. Write two major objectives of SEBI?
- 20. What is an Non Banking Financial Institution?
- 21. What is open market operation?
- 22. Define mutual fund.
- 23. What is financial risk?
- 24. What is a commercial bill?

 $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Part C (Paragraph Answer Questions)

Answer any six questions.

Each question carries 5 marks.

Each answer should not exceed 100 words.

- 25. Discuss banking.
- 26. What are co-operative banks?
- 27. Discuss different types of Insurance Coverage.
- 28. Explain functions of financial system.
- 29. Compare similarities between commercial banks and NBFIs.
- 30. What are the important features of Indian money market?
- 31. Discuss what is commercial bank.
- 32. Distinguish between assets and liabilities of banks.

 $(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Part D (Essay Questions)

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries 12 marks.

- 33. Discuss major functions of SEBI.
- 34. Write an essay on development financial institutions.
- 35. Discuss functions of capital market.
- 36. Discuss about mutual funds.

 $(2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ marks})$