	01	<b>528</b>
$\mathbf{C}$	41	<b>348</b>

(Pages: 2)

Name	
Reg. No	

## FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022

## Food Technology

## FTL 4C 06—FOOD PRESERVATION AND QUALITY CONTROL

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time: Two Hours

Maximum: 60 Marks

#### Section A

Answer at least eight questions.

Each question carries 3 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 24.

- 1. Define Asepsis.
- 2. What is Glass transition temperature?
- 3. What are BHA and BHT?
- 4. Write the defects caused during freezing.
- 5. What are the quick tests for detection of foam in milk?
- 6. What is Bixin?
- 7. Expand HACCP.
- 8. Define Becquerel.
- 9. What are humectants?
- 10. Give examples for firming agents.
- 11. Define Bacteriofugation.
- 12. What is food preservation?

 $(8 \times 3 = 24 \text{ marks})$ 

C 21528

### Section B

2

Answer at least **five** questions. Each question carries 5 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 25.

- 13. Write short notes on colouring agents used in food industry.
- 14. Write a short note on Codex Alimentarious.
- 15. What are intentional adulterants? Write the different methods of adulteration.
- 16. What are low temperature preservation methods?
- 17. Write the principles of food preservation.
- 18. Differentiate between food safety and food hygiene.
- 19. Write the significance of HACCP.

 $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section C

Answer any one question.

The question carries 11 marks.

- 20. Explain the different methods of preservation in food.
- 21. Explain in details of types of hazards in food.

 $(1 \times 11 = 11 \text{ marks})$ 

C 21527	(Pages : 2)	Name
	· 8/	

Nam	e
Reg.	No

# FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022

### Food Technology

## FTL4B07—FOOD CHEMISTRY AND ANALYTICAL INSTRUMENTATION

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time: Two Hours and a Half

Maximum: 80 Marks

#### Section A

Answer atleast ten questions.

Each question carries 3 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall ceiling 30.

- 1. What is Lambert's Law?
- 2. What are glycerides?
- 3. Differentiate aldose and ketose sugar.
- 4. What are emulsifiers? Give an example.
- 5. What is a cofactor?
- 6. What is PUFA? Give an example
- 7. What is TLC?
- 8. What is zwitterion?
- 9. Enlist type of paper chromatography.
- 10. What are the structures of proteins?
- 11. Enlist major vitamins with antioxidant properties.
- 12. What are flavonoids?
- 13. What is syneresis?
- 14. What is a colorimeter?
- 15. What are the factors affecting enzyme activity?

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section B

Answer atleast **five** questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall ceiling 30.

- 16. Write a note on monosaccharide structure and reactions.
- 17. Write in brief the factors affecting denaturation of protein.
- 18. Explain in detail the role of food lipids in flavour.
- 19. Explain in details the structure and physical properties of water.
- 20. Sketch a diagram and explain parts of a spectrophotometer.
- 21. Write a note on GCMS.
- 22. What is fluorescence? Explain principle and application of flourimetry.
- 23. Explain briefly about photo synthetic pigments with examples.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section C

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. What are enzymes? Explain classification and action of enzymes.
- 25. Explain the classification of lipids, and write in details the refining of fats and oil.
- 26. Explain in detail about GC and its application in food analysis.
- 27. Write in details the various method of starch modification and application of modified starch.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

C 21275	(Page	es:2)	Name	
			Reg. No	
FOURTH SEMESTER	(CUCBCSS—UG)	DEGREE	EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022	
	Food Tee	chnology		
FTL4B07—FOOD	CHEMISTRY AND	ANALYTIC	AL INSTRUMENTATION	
	(2017—2018	Admissions)		
Time : Three Hours	`		Maximum: 80 Marks	
I. Objective type (All qu	estions are compulsory)	):		
State whether true or false:				
1 UV is a colum	nn in HPLC.			
2 Oleic acid is	a unsaturated fatty acid	l <b>.</b>	7	
Match the following:				
3 Sucrose	– Monosaccharide.	25)		
4 Glucose	- Polysaccharide.			
5 Cellulose	– Disaccharide.			
Answer in a single or two words:				
6 The linkage between two amino acids in a protein.				
7 Give an example of flavanoid.				
Fill in the blanks:				

is an example for oil in water emulsion.

Enzymatic browning in fruits is due to the action of the enzyme —

- is mobile phase in GC.

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$ 

- II. Short Answer type questions (Answer any five questions):
  - Define saponification value of an oil.
  - Why sucrose is non-reducing sugar? 12
  - Differentiate between Free and Bound water. 13

- 14 Explain enzyme Specificity.
- 15 Describe denaturation of protein.
- 16 Explain the importance of Rf value in planar chromatography.
- 17 Describe emulsion and give an example.

 $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ marks})$ 

## III. Short Essay questions (Answer any six questions):

- 18 Write briefly about Carotenoids.
- 19 Write short notes on enzyme classification.
- 20 Name the methods for moisture determination and explain one method.
- 21 Write a short note on classification of Lipids.
- 22 Explain one reaction useful for identification of sugars
- 23 Write a short on the factors effecting the enzyme activity
- 24 Describe the changes in proteins during cooking.
- 25 Describe in detail about Ion exchange Chromatography.

 $(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

## IV. Essay Questions (Answer any two questions):

- 26 Explain various methods useful for the determination of molecular weights of proteins.
- 27 Explain in detail about emulsifying agents.
- 28 Write the effect of processing and storage on chlorophyll pigments in foods.
- 29 Write in detail ábout HPLC.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$