

**FIRST SEMESTER B.A./B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2020**

(CBCSS)

Sociology

SGY 1B 01—BASICS OF SOCIOLOGY

(2019 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A

Answer at least ten questions.

Each question carries 3 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

1. Define Sociology.
2. What is Social Institutions ?
3. Define Social Group.
4. Explain Secondary Group.
5. What is Culture ?
6. Explain the concept norms.
7. What is Horizontal mobility ?
8. What is the Socialization ?
9. Define Social Role.
10. What is Social Status ?
11. Explain the term Social system.
12. Define Family.
13. What is social change ?

14. Explain the term Social role.
15. What is social structure ?

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Section B

Answer at least five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

16. Explain the detail about sociological imagination.
17. Explain the role of religion in society.
18. "Social relations and economic relations are interrelated". Explain.
19. Explain the significance of group of society.
20. Explain social conflict.
21. Briefly explain about the agencies of socialization.
22. What is Social System ?
23. Explain the process of social mobility.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Define Sociology and explain the nature and scope of sociology.
25. What is social control ? Explain in detail about the forms of social control.
26. Explain in detail about the social mobility. Bring out the type of mobility and its significance.
27. Explain the term social process and bring out the features and types of social process.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

**FIRST SEMESTER B.A./B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2020**

(CBCSS)

Sociology

SGY 1B 01—BASICS OF SOCIOLOGY

(2019 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time : 15 Minutes

Total No. of Questions : 20

Maximum : 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

SGY 1B 01—BASICS OF SOCIOLOGY

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

- The term *socius* derived from which language ?
 - German.
 - Latin.
 - Greek.
 - Roman.
- Auguste Comte was a _____ sociologist.
 - French.
 - American.
 - British.
 - German.
- What is the meaning of logos in the term Sociology ?
 - Science/Study.
 - Social.
 - Society.
 - Companion.
- What is intended by norm ?
 - Specific Guide to action.
 - Framework.
 - Discipline.
 - Deviance.
- Emile Durkheim was a _____ sociologist.
 - French.
 - American.
 - German.
 - British.
- What is the main conceptualization of formalistic school about sociology ?
 - Analytic and special.
 - Rational and general.
 - Pure and independent science.
 - Experimental and specific.
- From which language the term *Gemeinschaft* derived ?
 - German.
 - Latin.
 - Spanish.
 - Greek.

8. What is the meaning of the term Gessellschaft in social science ?
- (A) Group. (B) Society.
(C) Kin. (D) Community.
9. What is the approach that facilitates ability to evaluate the personal issues as a result of historical change ?
- (A) Functional. (B) Historical.
(C) Sociological imagination. (D) Socio-Cultural.
10. Who is put forward the concept primary group in social science ?
- (A) G. H. Mead. (B) C. H. Cooley.
(C) C. W. Right. (D) D. M. N. Roy.
11. _____ is a group that a man is member.
- (A) Primary group. (B) In group.
(C) Reference group. (D) Voluntary group.
12. They group means _____.
- (A) Small group. (B) In group.
(C) Out group. (D) Vertical group.
13. What is the type of control organized through primary social institutions ?
- (A) Non-formal. (B) Formal.
(C) Abnormal. (D) Informal.
14. The term *famulus* derived from which language ?
- (A) Latin. (B) German.
(C) British. (D) Greek.
15. What is the term for family in which authority is held females ?
- (A) Matriarchal. (B) Monarchy.
(C) Polygamy. (D) Patriarchy.

16. Who has described "society as a web of social relationships" ?
- (A) Mead. (B) Ogburn.
(C) Leacock. (D) MacIver.
17. Who said "Contact & communication are the two main conditions of social interaction" ?
- (A) Horton & Hunt. (B) Park & Burgess.
(C) Ogburn & Nimkoff. (D) MacIver & Page.
18. The components of material culture are _____ and objective.
- (A) External. (B) Internal.
(C) Tangible. (D) Both (A) and (C).
19. _____ of individuals is an important feature of social group.
- (A) Contact. (B) Interaction.
(C) Communication. (D) Relation.
20. The parts of social structure are _____ everywhere.
- (A) The same. (B) Different.
(C) Irregular. (D) Distinct.

**FIRST SEMESTER B.A./B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2020**

(CBCSS)

Sociology

SGY 1(2) C01—PRINCIPLES OF SOCIOLOGY

(2019 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A

Answer at least ten questions.

Each question carries 3 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

1. Define Sociology.
2. Define social mobility.
3. What do you mean by hyper reality ?
4. What is social stratification ?
5. What is social control ?
6. Explain social institutions.
7. What is social group ?
8. Define social structure.
9. What is sub-culture ?
10. Explain popular culture.
11. What is Globalisation ?
12. What do you mean by multi-culturalism ?
13. What is Gender ?

14. Define Caste.
15. Define Ethnocentrism.

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Section B

Answer at least five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

16. Explain social control and discuss various type of social control.
17. Define social institutions. Bring out major characteristics of social institution.
18. What is Globalisation ? Bring out its features.
19. Explain the measures through which family is controlling gender role.
20. Bring out the features of internet revolution.
21. Explain in detail about the sociological perspective of culture.
22. Bring out the difference between social structure and social stratification.
23. Explain multiculturalism in present society.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Define Sociology and discuss its nature and scope.
25. What is Culture ? Differentiate between subculture and popular culture.
26. Explain the role of media in globalisation era.
27. What is gender discrimination ? Bring out the sociological factors reasonable for gender inequality.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

**FIRST SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2020**

Sociology

SOC 1B 01/SOM 1B 01—METHODOLOGY AND PERSPECTIVES OF SOCIAL SCIENCES

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time : 15 Minutes

Total No. of Questions : 20

Maximum : 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
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SOC 1B 01/SOM 1B 01—METHODOLOGY AND PERSPECTIVES OF SOCIAL SCIENCES

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

- 'Republic' is the work of :
 - Socratese.
 - Aristotle.
 - Plato.
 - None of these.
- In Renaissance human reason placed above :
 - Culture.
 - Faith.
 - Arts.
 - Literature.
- In the period of enlightenment as the organizing principle of knowledge, rationality replaced :
 - Culture.
 - Civilization.
 - Religion.
 - Speculation.
- The work 'Two Treatises of Government' was written by :
 - Rousseau.
 - Locke.
 - Gandhi.
 - None of these.
- The master piece of Hobbes :
 - Leviathan.
 - The Elements of Law.
 - Essay concerning human understanding.
 - None of these.
- Hobbes believed that the very principle of the universe is :
 - The movement or motion.
 - Passion and imagination.
 - Critical thinking.
 - Observation.
- Who said this-In reality there are no economic, sociological or psychological problems, but only simple problems, and they are complex also :
 - Myrdal.
 - Skinner.
 - Kohler.
 - Piaget.

8. "Man lives in a socio-economic and political world and thrives on its varied relationships. It is inconceivable that the study of bare and isolated events on any aspect of man's life would yield any meaningful result". Who stated so ?
- (A) Karl Marx. (B) Karl Mannheim.
(C) Karl Pearson. (D) None of the above.
9. Research can give us sound guideline for the appropriate measure of :
- (A) Education. (B) Field work.
(C) Data collection. (D) Reform and Social welfare.
10. Research in Social Science areas equip us with :
- (A) Greater power of control over the social phenomena.
(B) Greater power of control over the emotions of humans.
(C) Control over the natural resources.
(D) Control over the supernatural powers.
11. Social science was heavily influenced by _____.
- (A) Theism. (B) Methodism.
(C) Positivism. (D) Pietism.
12. Experimental psychology was founded by _____.
- (A) Sigmund Freud. (B) Wilhelm Maximilian Wundt.
(C) Thorndike. (D) Pavlov.
13. _____ combines physical and human geography.
- (A) Ecological geography. (B) Environmental geography.
(C) Historical geography. (D) Cultural geography.
14. Rules of sociological method was written by :
- (A) Webber. (B) Comte .
(C) Dukheime. (D) Merton.
15. _____ is central to the procedures of scientific method.
- (A) Oral history. (B) Comparison.
(C) Objectivity. (D) Customs.

Turn over

16. 'Logic of social enquiry' was written by :

- (A) Dumond. (B) Desai.
(C) Gibson. (D) Weber.

17. Based on the size, Shah classified households into :

- (A) 1. (B) 2.
(C) 3. (D) 4.

18. Large households consist of _____ members.

- (A) 3 or less. (B) 4 to 6.
(C) 7 to 9. (D) 10 or more.

19. Which of the following is a simple household ?

- (A) Two or more parental families.
(B) One parental family and part of a parental family.
(C) Part of one parental family and part of another parental family.
(D) Either only a man or only his wife.

20. Which of the following is a simple household ?

- (A) Two or more parental families.
(B) One parental family and part of a parental family.
(C) Part of one parental family and part of another parental family.
(D) Unmarried brothers and sisters.

**FIRST SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2020**

Sociology

SOC 1B 01/SOM 1B 01—METHODOLOGY AND PERSPECTIVES OF SOCIAL SCIENCES

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A (Objective Type Questions)

Answer all the ten questions.

Each question carries 1 mark.

Fill in the blanks :

1. 'Leviathan' is the book written by _____.
2. Who is known as the father of liberalism ?
3. M.N. Srinivas is a proponent of _____ approach to the study of Indian society.
4. Household dimension of family was studied elaborately by _____.
5. _____ is the social science that deals with physical characteristics of humans.

State whether True or False :

6. Dominant caste is the concept developed by M.N. Srinivas.
7. Enlightenment is the period of remarkable intellectual development and change in philosophical thought.
8. Economics is the social science that systematically learn past events.
9. Scientific method is a set of rules about how to establish rules.
10. *Homo Hierarchus* is the book authored by R.K. Mukherjee.

(10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Section B (Very Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any ten questions out of twelve.

Each question carries 2 marks.

Define the following concepts in 5 words.

- | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------|
| 11. Social Science. | 12. Political science. |
| 13. Interdisciplinarity. | 14. Ethical issues. |

Turn over

- | | |
|----------------------------|------------------------|
| 15. Evolutionary approach. | 16. Pollution. |
| 17. Household. | 18. Scientific spirit. |
| 19. Value neutrality. | 20. Extended family. |
| 21. Indology. | 22. Renaissance. |

(10 × 2 = 20 marks)

Section C (Short Essay Questions)

Answer any six questions out of eight in less than 250 words.

Each question carries 5 marks.

23. Explain the philosophical foundations for the emergence of Sociology.
24. Describe Rousseau's contributions to the theory on nature of society.
25. Bring out the significance of social science in solving contemporary problems.
26. Examine the ethical issues in social sciences.
27. Analyse the relevance of objectivity in social sciences.
28. Explain the salient features of the concept of dominant caste.
29. Describe the concept of purity and pollution.
30. Examine the contribution of A.M.Shah to the study of Indian family.

(6 × 5 = 30 marks)

Section D(Essay Questions)

Answer any two questions out of four in 1,000 words.

Each question carries 10 marks.

31. Explain in brief the characteristics, nature and scope of different social sciences.
32. Describe the theories on the nature of society put forward by Thomas Hobbes and John Locke.
33. What is objectivity? Examine the different ways in which it is limited in social sciences.
34. Examine the contributions of M.N. Srinivas to the study of caste system.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

7. Functionalist perspective given significance to _____ in maintaining order stability in society?
- (A) Universalism. (B) Moral Consensus.
(C) Individualism. (D) Co-operation.
8. Find out the exponent of synthetic school of thought ?
- (A) Max Weber. (B) George Simmel.
(C) Vier Kandt. (D) Pitirim Sorokin.
9. The school of thought proposing that "Sociology is a general science, not a pure Science" :
- (A) Specialistic school. (B) Synthetic School of thought.
(C) Frankfurt School. (D) Symbolic Interactionism.
10. The institutions evolved or developed unconsciously are called _____ ?
- (A) Enacted. (B) Reference.
(C) Cressicive. (D) Organised.
11. Who defined "Sociology as the study of social dynamic and Social static" ?
- (A) Max Weber. (B) Karl Marx.
(C) Herbert Spencer. (D) Auguste Comte.
12. The term Family derived from _____ language ?
- (A) Greek. (B) French.
(C) Roman. (D) Latin.
13. In terms of degree of closeness, father and son relationship is an example for _____ kinship ?
- (A) Secondary. (B) Primary.
(C) Tertiary. (D) Bilateral.
14. Which is not an example for Tertiary kinship ?
- (A) Wife of brother in law. (B) Sisters husband.
(C) Fathers brothers wife. (D) None of the above.

15. Kinship usage which is husband and wife never addresses each other directly rather they referring through either the name of son or daughter or a symbol ?
- (A) Respect. (B) Joking Relationship.
(C) Avunculate. (D) Teknonymy.
16. _____ socialization that the child satisfy primary needs from primary social institutions.
- (A) Adult. (B) Secondary.
(C) Gender. (D) Primary.
17. Family and Neighbourhood play group is an example for _____ Socialization.
- (A) Adult. (B) Re.
(C) Micro Level. (D) Macro level.
18. _____ refers to "process of leaving certain social behaviour patterns and role in order to adopt new one as part of one's evolution in life".
- (A) Re-Socialization. (B) Anticipatory Socialization.
(C) Adult Socialization. (D) De-socialization.
19. _____ refers to that small group engage in cultural practices with in a specific identity on a large culture.
- (A) Multiculturalism. (B) Simulation.
(C) Cultural Pluralism. (D) Subculture.
20. Which of the statements are false about globalisation ?
- (A) Increase free trade between nations.
(B) Caused to create a uniform culture.
(C) Only related to economic phenomenon.
(D) It is a multidimensional process.

FIRST SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

Sociology

SGY 1B 01—BASICS OF SOCIOLOGY

(2019—2020 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A*Answer all questions.**Each question carries 2 marks.**Short answer type, not to exceed 50 words.*

1. Describe group norms.
2. Explain Formalistic school.
3. Illustrate an in-group.
4. Describe non-material culture.
5. Examine super organic culture.
6. Describe values.
7. Examine characteristics of competition.
8. Discuss features of social interaction.
9. What is an organised group ?
10. Explain Re-socialisation.
11. Describe vertical mobility.
12. What are social roles ?
13. Explain folkways.
14. Describe social norms.
15. Describe Gemeinschaft.

(Ceiling of marks : 25)

Turn over

Section B

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 5 marks.

Paragraph type, not to exceed 100 words each.

16. Differentiate between social system and social structure.
17. What do you mean by Sociology and Common sense ?
18. Explain various agencies of socialisation.
19. Bring out the role and function of social institutions.
20. What do you mean by social control ? Explain the agencies of social control.
21. What are the dissociative social processes and discuss its importance ?
22. Bring out the nature and scope of Sociology.
23. What is social mobility, discuss its various forms ?

(Ceiling of marks : 35)

Section C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

Essay type, not to exceed 500 words each.

24. Explain the views of CW Mills on Sociological imagination.
25. Explain the various elements and components of culture.
26. Classify the social groups and its importance.
27. What are the social processes and explain its importance ?

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

**FIRST SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2021**

Sociology

SGY 1(2) C01—PRINCIPLES OF SOCIOLOGY

(2021 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A

Answer at least ten questions.

Each question carries 3 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

1. What is Sociology ?
2. Define Society.
3. Define Group.
4. Explain Social Mobility.
5. Define Social Institutions.
6. Define Social Stratification.
7. Explain Urban Society.
8. Explain Secondary Group.
9. What is Social Structure ?
10. Define Gender.
11. Define Media.
12. Define Culture.
13. Explain Globalisation.
14. Explain Multi Culturalism.
15. Define Social Control.

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Turn over

Section B

Answer at least five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

16. Bring out the feature of Social Stratification.
17. Explain in detail about popular culture.
18. What is Ethnocentrism ? Discuss in detail.
19. What do you mean by vertical mobility ? Explain in detail.
20. Explain in concept dominant culture in detail.
21. Explain the role of religion as a control force up on women.
22. Explain how caste create a stratification in society.
23. Bring out the difference between formal control and informal control.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Explain in detail about Sociological imagination. Bring out the difference between Sociology and common sense Knowledge.
25. Define Sociology, its subject matter and relevance in society.
26. Explain in detail about the changes brings in society through internet revolution.
27. What is hyper reality ? Bringout the changes in society through the influence of media.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

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(Pages : 4)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

FIRST SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

Sociology

SGY 1B 01—BASICS OF SOCIOLOGY

(2021 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time : 15 Minutes

Total No. of Questions : 20

Maximum : 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
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SGY 1B 01—BASICS OF SOCIOLOGY

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

- The term *socius* derived from which language ?
 - German.
 - Latin.
 - Greek.
 - Roman.
- Auguste Comte was a _____ sociologist.
 - French.
 - American.
 - British.
 - German.
- What is the meaning of *logos* in the term sociology ?
 - Science/Study.
 - Social.
 - Society.
 - Companion.
- Who defined "sociology as the science of social phenomena subject to natural and invariable laws" ?
 - Spencer.
 - Karl Marx.
 - Durkheim.
 - Comte.
- Max Weber was a _____ sociologist.
 - British.
 - American.
 - Hungarian.
 - German.
- Empiricism is a school of thought based on _____.
 - Theory.
 - Reason.
 - Experience.
 - Thought.
- What is the main conceptualization of formalistic school about sociology ?
 - Analytic and special.
 - Rational and general.
 - Pure and independent science.
 - Experimental and specific.
- What is the meaning of the term *Gessellschaft* in social science ?
 - Group.
 - Society.
 - Kin.
 - Community.

9. Who was the prominent thinker belongs to synthetic school of thought ?
- (A) Bourdieu. (B) Karl Mannheim.
(C) Comte. (D) Montesquieu.
10. When did the book 'The Sociological Imagination' was published ?
- (A) 1959. (B) 1911.
(C) 1905. (D) 1922.
11. Who wrote the book 'Power Elite' ?
- (A) C.Wright Mills. (B) Karl Mannheim.
(C) Saussure. (D) Saint Simon.
12. When did the book 'Social Organization : A Study of the Larger Mind' was published :
- (A) 1908. (B) 1909.
(C) 1905. (D) 1910.
13. _____ is a permanent group.
- (A) Fedaral group. (B) Primary group.
(C) Association. (D) Secondary group.
14. _____ is a group with the members has no individual concern about the membership of group.
- (A) In group. (B) Voluntary group.
(C) Out group. (D) Involuntary group.
15. _____ is a group that a man is member.
- (A) Primary group. (B) In group.
(C) Reference group. (D) Voluntary group.
16. _____ is a group to identify the group against which an individual evaluates his/her own situation.
- (A) Primary Group. (B) Secondary group.
(C) Out group. (D) Reference group.

17. _____ is the measure of goodness and desirability.
- (A) Laws. (B) Conformity.
(C) Values. (D) Norms.
18. _____ is the control practiced through personal or non-official way.
- (A) Informal control. (B) Community control.
(C) Formal. (D) Law.
19. What is the type of control organized through primary social institutions ?
- (A) Non-formal. (B) Formal.
(C) Abnormal. (D) Informal.
20. What is the term for family in which authority is held females ?
- (A) Matriarchal. (B) Monarchy.
(C) Polygamy. (D) Patriarchy.

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FIRST SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

Sociology

SGY 1B 01—BASICS OF SOCIOLOGY

(2021 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A*Answer atleast ten questions.**Each question carries 3 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall ceiling 30.*

1. Describe synthetic school in Sociology.
2. Define "We feeling".
3. What are outgroups ?
4. Describe material culture.
5. Examine the features of super organic culture.
6. Describe norms.
7. What is coercion ?
8. Discuss the characteristics of social interaction.
9. What is anticipatory socialisation ?
10. Explain unorganised groups.
11. Describe vertical mobility.
12. Explain social structure.
13. Define society.
14. Describe social roles.
15. Describe Accomodation.

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Turn over

Section B

Answer atleast five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall ceiling 30.

16. Briefly explain the importance of social institutions.
17. What do you mean by sociology and differentiate it from common sense ?
18. Explain the significance and importance of social groups.
19. Bring out the relation between status and role.
20. Examine the function of family as a social institution.
21. What are the associative social processes and its importance ?
22. What is socialisation ? Explain the agencies of socialisation.
23. Analyse culture and cultural elements.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Explain the views of CW mills on sociological imagination.
25. What is social control ? What are the agencies and how it is relevant.
26. Explain the nature and scope of sociology.
27. Explain the various forms of social mobility and explain its significance.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

**FIRST SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2021**

Sociology

SOC 1B 01/SOM 1B 01—METHODOLOGY AND PERSPECTIVES OF
SOCIAL SCIENCES

(2016—2018 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time : 15 Minutes

Total No. of Questions : 20

Maximum : 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
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SOC 1B 01/SOM 1B 01—METHODOLOGY AND PERSPECTIVES OF
SOCIAL SCIENCES

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

- 'Republic' is the work of :
 - Socratese.
 - Aristotle.
 - Plato.
 - None of these.
- In Renaissance human reason placed above :
 - Culture.
 - Faith.
 - Arts.
 - Literature.
- Enlightenment thought laid the ground work for the development of :
 - Religious notions.
 - Speculations.
 - Social scientific thought.
 - All the above.
- The period of Enlightenment was in :
 - 1650 CE and 1700 CE.
 - 1500 CE and 1550 CE.
 - 1400 CE and 1450 CE.
 - None of these.
- According to whom was the universe a machine made up of particles moving according to a mechanical law :
 - R.Park.
 - Rousseau.
 - Hobbes.
 - Aristotle.
- Diagnosis of problems and their analysis lead to :
 - Appropriate remedial actions.
 - Find out real life situations.
 - Control over life expense.
 - Control over human feelings.
- To clarify the doubtful and correct the misconceived facts of social life we depend up on the study of :
 - Social sciences.
 - Natural science.
 - Physical science.
 - Mathematics.

8. Which of the following seeks to find explanations to unexplained social phenomena ?
- (A) Statistics. (B) Social Sciences.
(C) Social Surveys. (D) Extra reading.
9. At the turn of the 21st century, the expanding domain of economics in the social sciences has been described as _____.
- (A) Economic determinism. (B) Economic centrism.
(C) Economic imperialism. (D) None of these.
10. The word *psychology* comes from the ancient Greek psyche which means _____.
- (A) Society. (B) Man.
(C) Mind. (D) Brian.
11. _____ is the systematic study of society and human social action.
- (A) Sociology. (B) Anthropology.
(C) Political Science. (D) Economics.
12. Change is not one-dimensional according to the _____ approach.
- (A) Unilinear. (B) Multilinear.
(C) Cyclical. (D) Universal.
13. Who is the author of 'Social Background of Indian Nationalism' ?
- (A) A.R.Desai. (B) M.N.Srinivas.
(C) Iravati Karve. (D) Yogendra Singh.
14. The _____ does not deal with change in stages, but views it as a process of transition.
- (A) Unilinear. (B) Multilinear.
(C) Cyclical. (D) Universal.
15. A.M.Shah studied the households in a village called _____ in Gujarat and substantiated his concept of household.
- (A) Radhvanaj. (B) Rampuras.
(C) Naxalbari. (D) Kishangarhi.

16. Based on the composition, Shah classified households into _____.
- (A) 1. (B) 2.
(C) 3. (D) 4.
17. Medium households consist of _____ members.
- (A) 3 or less. (B) 4 to 6.
(C) 7 to 9. (D) 10 or more.
18. _____ households are defined as those which consisted of whole or _____ part of the parental family.
- (A) Simple. (B) Compound.
(C) Complex. (D) Complicated.
19. The concept of 'Purity and pollution' was the main contribution of _____.
- (A) Louis Dumont. (B) A.R.Desai.
(C) M.N.Srinivas. (D) Yogendra Singh.
20. 'Religion and Society among Coorgs of South India' was written by _____.
- (A) A.R. Desai. (B) M.N. Srinivas.
(C) D.P. Mukherjee. (D) A.M. Shah.

**FIRST SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2021**

Sociology

SOC 1B 01/SOM 1B 01—METHODOLOGY AND PERSPECTIVES OF
SOCIAL SCIENCES

(2016—2018 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Part A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 1 mark.

One word to maximum two sentences each.

1. _____ is a belief system that places great importance on the ability of people to act as individuals.
2. Whose master piece is 'Leviathan' ?
3. Who wrote the famous book 'Social Contract' ?
4. _____ an academic and research discipline that deals with the theory and practice of politics and the description and analysis of political systems and political behaviour.
5. _____ set up the first European department of sociology at the University of Bordeaux in 1895.
6. _____ is the state or quality of being true even outside of a subject's individual biases, interpretations, feelings, and imaginings.
7. Who contributed the concept of 'Sanskritization'.
8. Who studied Indian villages through structural approach.
9. The word Science is derived from _____ language.
10. D.P.Mukherjee is related to _____ approach in the study of Indian society.

(10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Turn over

29. Explain the integrated approaches to the study of Indian society.
30. What do you mean by cross- disciplinary approach ?

(6 × 5 = 30 marks)

Part D

*Answer any two questions.
Each question carries 10 marks.
Answers not to exceed 500 words.*

31. Elaborate the Inter Disciplinary and Multidisciplinary Approaches in Social Sciences.
32. What is the relevance of the Social Science in understanding and solving contemporary problems ?
33. Explain science and scientific method in Social Research.
34. Explain evolutionary and Indological approaches to the study of Indian society.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

Part B

Answer any ten questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

Answers only in four or five sentences.

11. Simple Household.
12. *Homo Heirarchicus*.
13. Integrated Approach.
14. Sankritization.
15. Data Collection.
16. Deduction.
17. Scientific method.
18. Trans-disciplinary Approach.
19. Quantitative designs approach.
20. Anthropology.
21. General will.
22. Enlightenment.

(10 × 2 = 20 marks)

Part C

Answer any six questions.

Each question carries 5 marks.

Answers not to exceed 150 words.

23. Explain how the age of Enlightenment helped to the development of scientific spirit.
24. Explain the social contract theory proposed by Thomas Hobbes regarding the origin and nature of society.
25. Briefly explain M. N. Srinivasan analysis on dominant caste.
26. Explain Ethical issues in Social Sciences.
27. Explain Nature and scope of social science.
28. Explain Purity and Pollution by Louis Dumont.