

**THIRD SEMESTER B.A./B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2020**

(CBCSS—UG)

Sociology

SGY 3 (4)C06—BASICS OF SOCIAL ANTHROPOLOGY

(2019 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A

Answer at least ten questions.

Each question carries 3 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

1. Social Anthropology.
2. Social structure.
3. Tribe.
4. Material culture.
5. Sororal polygyny.
6. Landlessness.
7. Case study.
8. Cross-Cousin marriage.
9. Endogamy.
10. De-notified tribe.
11. Ethnography.
12. Bronislaw Malinowski.
13. Field work.
14. Primitive tribe.
15. Acculturation.

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Turn over

Section B

Answer at least five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

16. Differentiate between tribe and caste.
17. Write a short note on the structural theory of Levi-Strauss.
18. Discuss the nature and scope of Social Anthropology.
19. Define Culture. List out the characteristics of culture.
20. Distinguish between acculturation and enculturation.
21. Briefly explain the history of tribes in India.
22. Discuss the relation between Anthropology and Sociology.
23. Write a brief note on the tribal population in Kerala.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Write an essay on the theories of cultural processes.
25. Discuss various methods used in the study of Anthropology.
26. Describe the major issues faced by the tribal population in Kerala.
27. Explain various theories about the origin of tribes.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

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(Pages : 4)

Name.....

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**THIRD SEMESTER B.A./B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2020**

(CBCSS—UG)

Sociology

SGY 3 (4)C06—BASICS OF SOCIAL ANTHROPOLOGY

(2019 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time : 15 Minutes

Total No. of Questions : 20

Maximum : 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
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SGY 3 (4)C06—BASICS OF SOCIAL ANTHROPOLOGY

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

- In functionalist approach, distinguished the three levels, such as biological, the social structural and symbolic, proposed by _____ ?
 - Talcott Parson.
 - Levi Strauss.
 - Radcliffe Brown.
 - Malinowski.
- Who said "Culture is Manifest in act and artifact" ?
 - Evans Pritchard.
 - Ralph Linton.
 - Robert Redfield.
 - Margaret Mead.
- According to Majumdar, which of the following tribal area is included in North-North Eastern zone ?
 - Kashmir, Punjab, Himachal Pradesh, Sikkim.
 - Bengal, Bihar, Madhya Pradesh, Orissa.
 - Hyderabad, Orissa, Karnataka, Andhra and Madras.
 - Bengal, Bihar, Sikkim, East Punjab.
- According to Herskovitz, Integration has two approach, Functional and _____ ?
 - Structural.
 - Phenomenological.
 - Interactional.
 - Configurational.
- The word "Tribe" derived from the Latin word _____ ?
 - Tribos.
 - Tribum.
 - Tribus.
 - Tribows.
- It is an observation method, researcher participate in observing or studying a phenomenon ?
 - Unstructured observation.
 - Controlled observation.
 - Participant observation.
 - Uncontrolled observation.
- When individuals or groups of people borrows certain cultural elements from another culture and incorporate into his own lifestyle ?
 - Co-operation.
 - Acculturation.
 - Competition.
 - Contravention.

8. Which of the following statement refers to the idea of cultural lag ?
- (A) Accepting new cultural pattern due to change in living area.
 - (B) The phenomenon that occur when change in Material culture faster than non-material culture.
 - (C) Non-material culture change faster than material culture.
 - (D) The phenomenon that occur when Change in one's behavior due to gain new culture.
9. The term civilization derived from Latin word Civis, which means that _____.
- (A) Culture.
 - (B) Group of people.
 - (C) Citizen.
 - (D) Cultural unity.
10. Claude Levi Strauss mainly associated with the theoretical perspective of _____ ?
- (A) Functionalism.
 - (B) Symbolic interactionism.
 - (C) Structuralism.
 - (D) Conflict theory.
11. The observer stay outside to the gathering being studying a particular phenomenon ?
- (A) Controlled observation.
 - (B) Participant observation.
 - (C) Structured observation.
 - (D) Non-participant observation.
12. The concept "Organic analogy" propounded by _____ ?
- (A) Emile Durkheim.
 - (B) Talcott Parson.
 - (C) Herbert spencer.
 - (D) Malinowski.
13. Which of the following tribe celebrating Karma festival ?
- (A) Oraons.
 - (B) Ho.
 - (C) Bhuiyan.
 - (D) All of the above.
14. "The fusion or blending of two previously distinct groups into one" the term refers to _____ ?
- (A) Assimilation.
 - (B) Accommodation.
 - (C) Co-operation.
 - (D) Acculturation.
15. Culture has two distinctive part, one is Material culture and another is _____.
- (A) Mass culture.
 - (B) Non-material culture.
 - (C) Pop culture.
 - (D) Micro-culture.

16. Who defined "case study as a comprehensive study of a social unit be that unit a person, a group, a social institution, a district or a community"?
- (A) John M Cooper. (B) Marvin Harris.
(C) Ralph Linton. (D) Pauline V Young.
17. It is an intensive and comprehensive data collection method, in which researcher aim is to obtain complete and detailed data of a social phenomenon or social unit ?
- (A) Focused interview. (B) Archeology method.
(C) Case study. (D) Geneological method.
18. According to K.S. Singh the term Tribe defined for the first time in the Census of :
- (A) 1872. (B) 1901.
(C) 1991. (D) 1891.
19. "The change in individuals whose primary learning has been in one culture and who take over traits from another culture" defined as _____ ?
- (A) Acculturation. (B) Assimilation.
(C) Enculturation. (D) Diffusion.
20. The concept "Parochialization" propounded by _____ ?
- (A) McKim Marriot. (B) C.H. Cooley.
(C) Georg Simmel. (D) Kingsley Davis.

**THIRD SEMESTER B.A./B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2020**

(CBCSS—UG)

Sociology

SGY 3 (4)C02—SOCIOLOGY OF INDIAN SOCIETY

(2019 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A

Answer at least ten questions.

Each question carries 3 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

1. Define the concept tribe.
2. What are the characteristics of Indian caste system ?
3. Describe the negative impacts of poverty.
4. Define Caste.
5. Discuss the features of nuclear family.
6. What do you mean by Indological approach ?
7. What are the characteristics of family ?
8. Describe the nature of caste rigidity.
9. Discuss dowry is a social evil.
10. What are the features of consumerism ?
11. Explain the health problems of elderly.
12. What are the reasons of domestic violence ?
13. Discuss the concept of intergenerational conflict.

Turn over

14. What do you mean by induced displacement ?
15. Describe the concept of kinship.

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Section B

Answer at least five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

16. What are the functions of Marriage ?
17. Explain the subaltern Perspective by B.R. Ambedkar.
18. Elaborate the problems of elderly.
19. Illustrate the impacts of regional disparities in India.
20. What are the difference between monogamy and Polygamy ?
21. Describe the major issues faced by Dalit.
22. Explain the forms of diversities in Indian Society.
23. Compare between Rural and Urban society in India.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Explain Marxian approaches by A. R. Desai.
25. Elaborate the forms of environmental pollution.
26. Examine the impacts of Sanskritisation in the Indian Society.
27. Explain the major social issues in India.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

**THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2020**

Sociology

SGY 3 (4)C03—INTRODUCTION TO SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY

(2019 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A*Answer at least ten questions.**Each question carries 3 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall Ceiling 30.*

1. Explain Social Psychology.
2. Define Conformity.
3. Bring out the meaning of Social Learning.
4. Explain crowd Behaviour.
5. Explain Moral Development.
6. Define primary Group.
7. Explain the concept Crowd.
8. Define Leadership.
9. What is Social learning ?
10. Define Personality.
11. What is Social Interaction ?
12. Explain the concept rumour.
13. What is the meaning Attitude ?
14. Explain the concept Audience.
15. What is Interpersonal Relationship ?

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Turn over

Section B

Answer at least five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

16. Define Social Psychology and Explain the major themes.
17. Explain the relationship between Sociology and social Psychology.
18. Explain various steps of life span development.
19. Define and Explain motivation.
20. Define Secondary group. Bring out its importance in Social life ?
21. What are the Social factors affecting the formation of personality.
22. Explain the perception process with suitable example.
23. Bring out the characteristics of Leadership .

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Explain Social Development. What are the major forces of Cognitive, emotional and Social development of a Child.
25. What is Social learning ?
Explain in detail about the factors in the process of Social learning
26. Define Social Psychology.
Explain the nature and scope of Social Psychology.
27. What is the Attitude ?
Explain the process of attitude formation in social life.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

**THIRD SEMESTER B.A./B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2020**

(CBCSS—UG)

Sociology

SGY 3 (4)C04—INTRODUCTION TO POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY

(2019 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A

Answer at least ten questions.

Each question carries 3 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

1. Define Political Sociology.
2. What are the characteristics of charismatic authority ?
3. What do you mean by Power Elites ?
4. Define Public opinion.
5. Discuss the concept of Commersalisation.
6. Explain the role of Globalization.
7. What are the characteristics of Communalism ?
8. Describe the nature of Political Socialisation.
9. Illustrate the characteristics of Patriarchy.
10. Define Secularism.
11. What are the aspects of Liberalisation ?
12. Describe the significance of Political Process.
13. Describe the features of Caste System.

14. Religious nationalism.
15. What are the forms of Mass Media ?

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Section B

*Answer at least five questions.
Each question carries 6 marks.
All questions can be attended.
Overall Ceiling 30.*

16. Scope of Political Sociology.
17. Explain the relationship between Politics and Society.
18. Elaborate the theory of Power Elite.
19. Describe the types of Authority by Max Weber.
20. Discuss the Subject matter of Political Sociology.
21. What are the types of Political Socialisation ?
22. Mention the significance of Public opinion in our Modern Society.
23. Describe the features of Political system.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C

*Answer any two questions.
Each question carries 10 marks.*

24. Explain the contributions of Pareto.
25. Elaborate the negative impacts of patriarchy in our society.
26. Illustrate the agencies of political socialisation.
27. Explain the main functions of communal organisations in Kerala.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020

Sociology

SGY 3(4) C05—INTRODUCTION TO ECONOMIC SOCIOLOGY

(2019 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A*Answer at least ten questions.**Each question carries 3 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall Ceiling 30.*

1. Define Economic Sociology.
2. What is Economic action.
3. Explain Division of Labour.
4. Explain Surplus value.
5. What is exploitation of Labour.
6. What is Consumption.
7. Define Capital.
8. What is inequality ?
9. What is globalisation ?
10. Explain Economic Behaviour.
11. Define Market Economy.
12. Explain Subsystem.
13. Explain pierre Bourdieu's 'Capital'.
14. How Caste system in India influence the economic development.
15. Explain Class- Struggle.

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Turn over

Section B

Answer at least five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

16. Examine and Compare Economies and Economic Sociology.
17. Explain the views of Karl Mark about the economic system in Society.
18. Explain Emile Derkheim's view about division of Labour.
19. Bring out the views of Baron Isherwood about Consumption
20. What is conspicuous consumption in the view of Veblen ?
21. Explain different forms of inequality in markets.
22. Bring out the features of socio cultural aspects of economic development in India.
23. Explain the features of theory of Embeddedness by Marx Garnovetter.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. What is economic action ? Bring out varieties of embeddedness in economic behaviour.
25. Explain the views of Talcott Parson and Karl Marx in social relationship and economy System.
26. Discuss in detail how far the globalisation and liberal market influence the economic structure of Indian Society.
27. Critically examine the role of Religion and Caste in the Economic development in India.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

THIRD SEMESTER B.A./B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020**(CBCSS—UG)****Sociology****SGY 3(4) C10—SOCIOLOGY OF DEVELOPMENT****(2019 Admissions)****Time : Two Hours and a Half****Maximum : 80 Marks****Section A***Answer at least ten questions.**Each question carries 3 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall Ceiling 30.*

1. What are the components of Human Development Index ?
2. What is Trusteeship ?
3. Differentiate GNP and GDP.
4. What is mean by Millennium Development Goals ?
5. Explain Social Development.
6. Who are Proletariats ?
7. What is Surplus Value ?
8. Explain Economic Growth.
9. How to calculate Per Capita Income ?
10. What is NITI Aayog ?
11. What is meant by capital accumulation ?
12. Differentiate between Core and Periphery.
13. What is intermediate technology ?
14. What are third world countries ?
15. Explain Eurocentrism.

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)**Turn over**

Section B

Answer at least five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

16. Define sustainable development. Explain how it enrich the social life of human beings ?
17. Critically examine Marxian theory of development.
18. Explain the merits of five year plans.
19. Elaborate the concept "Small is Beautiful".
20. Explain the Materialistic interpretation of history.
21. Describe the five stages in Rostow's economic growth.
22. Elaborate the features of Kerala Model of Development.
23. Explain the World System Theory.
24. Explain the consequences of economic reforms in India.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

25. Evaluate the relevance of Gandhian perspective on development in the present scenario.
26. Elaborate Immanuel Wallerstein's World System Theory and illustrate it with suitable examples.
27. Define globalization and elaborate the impact of globalization on Indian economy.
28. Compare and evaluate the conceptualizations of underdevelopment by Andre Gunder Frank and Samir Ameen.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

THIRD SEMESTER B.A./B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020**(CBCSS—UG)****Sociology****SGY 3(4) C11—SOCIOLOGY OF FAMILY, MARRIAGE AND KINSHIP****(2019 Admissions)****Time : Two Hours and a Half****Maximum : 80 Marks****Section A***Answer at least ten questions.**Each question carries 3 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall Ceiling 30.*

1. Define Family.
2. Discuss the different types of family.
3. Give a short note on Indian family.
4. Explain the relationship between industrialization and nuclear family.
5. Explain single parent family.
6. Define marriage.
7. Explain Murdock's 4 functions of family.
8. Define Nuclear family.
9. What is meant by dual career families ?
10. Give a short note on Nair Tharavad.
11. What is nuclearization of Indian family ?
12. Explain dowry and dowry related deaths.
13. Give a short note on Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961.
14. Explain Hindu Marriage Act. 1955.
15. What is meant by divorce ?

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)**Turn over**

Section B

Answer at least five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

16. Discuss the characteristics and functions of family.
17. Evaluate Parson's views on family.
18. Explain isolated nuclear family and its current issues.
19. What are the four functions of the family according to Parsons ?
20. Evaluate 'The symmetrical Family' by Willmott and Young.
21. Illustrate the life cycle of a family.
22. Discuss the sociological specialties of Nair family.
23. Evaluate the recent dowry related social issues from Kerala.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Discuss and differentiate various critical views on family.
25. Examine the functions of family in modern industrial society.
26. Discuss the emerging trends in the institution of family.
27. Evaluate the structural and functional changes in family in India.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

19. Bring out the major constitutional provisions for scheduled caste.
20. Explain the forms of capital according to Bourdieu.
21. List out the major features of PWD act.
22. Explain the features of social class.
23. Define disability. List out different forms of disability.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C

*Answer any two questions.
Each question carries 10 marks.*

24. Caste is deeply politicised in contemporary India—Critically evaluate.
25. Explain the Marxian and Weberian views on social class.
26. Explain the views of Ghurye and Ambedkar on caste system.
27. Discuss in detail about the forms of capital—idea of Bourdieu.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020**Sociology****SGY 3B 04—SOCIAL STRATIFICATION AND INEQUALITY**

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A*Answer at least ten questions.**Each question carries 3 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall Ceiling 30.*

1. Explain social stratification.
2. Define inequality.
3. Define social class.
4. Explain the concept caste.
5. Explain the concept Hierarchy.
6. What is disability ?
7. What is social exclusion ?
8. Define cultural capital.
9. Explain UNCRPD Act.
10. Explain impairment.
11. Define scheduled caste.
12. Explain social inclusion.
13. Explain medical approach to disability.
14. Define social structure.
15. Explain subaltern approach.

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Section B*Answer at least five questions.**Each question carries 6 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall Ceiling 30.*

16. Explain the problems faced by scheduled caste in India.
17. Explain the functional and weberian approach on stratification.
18. Briefly explain Ambedkar's view about caste system.

Turn over

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(Pages : 4)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020

Sociology

SGY 3B 03—SOCIOLOGICAL THEORY : AN INTRODUCTION

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time : 15 Minutes

Total No. of Questions : 20

Maximum : 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
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3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
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SGY 3B 03—SOCIOLOGICAL THEORY : AN INTRODUCTION

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

- When did Industrial revolution take place ?
 - 16th Century.
 - 17th Century.
 - 18th Century.
 - 19th Century.
- _____ paved way for the destruction of feudal system and emergence of modern capitalism.
 - Scientific thought.
 - French revolution.
 - Industrial revolution.
 - Globalization.
- The first estate in France held its supremacy through the power of church :
 - Clergy.
 - Nobles.
 - Serfs.
 - Labourers.
- Who among the following is closely associated with "Enlightenment ?"
 - Auguste Comte.
 - Herbert Spencer.
 - George Simmel.
 - Voltaire.
- According to Marx, the conflict of interests between two antagonistic classes leads to :
 - Class struggle.
 - Class tension.
 - Competition.
 - War.
- The social force binding people together in a society will be weak when the society is characterised by :
 - Mechanical solidarity.
 - Organic solidarity.
 - Inorganic solidarity.
 - Capital solidarity.
- Urbanization was the result of _____ during 18th century.
 - Scientific thought.
 - French revolution.
 - Industrial revolution.
 - Globalization.

8. Auguste Comte initially called Sociology _____.
- (A) Social dynamics. (B) Social system.
(C) Social physics. (D) Social science.
9. Comte used the term Social Statics to indicate :
- (A) Existing social structures. (B) Positive effects.
(C) Social dynamics. (D) Social evolution.
10. According to Comte the third stage in the Law of Three Stages is known as :
- (A) Positive stage. (B) Theological stage.
(C) Evolutionary stage. (D) Metaphysical stage.
11. 'Principles of Sociology' is a work done by :
- (A) Auguste Comte. (B) Herbert Spencer.
(C) Emile Durkheim. (D) Max Webber.
12. The term 'Organic analogy' is associated with :
- (A) Herbert Spencer. (B) Auguste Comte.
(C) George Simmel. (D) Emile Durkheim.
13. Durkheim introduced the concept of 'anomie' was in his study of :
- (A) Suicide. (B) Social control.
(C) Social progress. (D) Modernization.
14. 'Suicide' was published in the year :
- (A) 1897. (B) 1987.
(C) 1798. (D) 1879.
15. Durkheim denoted the establishment of specified jobs for specific people as :
- (A) The division of gender. (B) The division of labour.
(C) The division of rules. (D) The division of solidarity.

16. The term conscience collective was used by Durkheim to indicate :
- (A) Shared taboos.
 - (B) Fashion sense among the members.
 - (C) Shared belief system.
 - (D) Kinship system.
17. Societies, where individuals were held together by the mechanical solidarity are characterised by :
- (A) High differentiation between individual and collective conscience.
 - (B) No distinction between individual and collective conscience.
 - (C) No conscience at all.
 - (D) Specialised division of labour and job opportunities.
18. According to Durkheim, anomic suicide occurs when :
- (A) A person is too much integrated with the society.
 - (B) A person feels disconnected from the society due to lack of social integration.
 - (C) A person feels totally detached from the society.
 - (D) A person feels extreme social regulation resulting in oppressive conditions.
19. Which of the following is known to be the famous work of Max Weber ?
- (A) The German Ideology.
 - (B) The Sociology of Diaspora.
 - (C) The Protestant Ethic and Spirit of Capitalism.
 - (D) Suicide.
20. A rational-purposeful action is based on :
- (A) Value rationality.
 - (B) Traditional rationality.
 - (C) Means-end rationality.
 - (D) Affectionate rationality.

18. Elucidate the idea of Bureaucracy in social system.
19. What you mean by social Darwinism.
20. How Comte analyse the hierarchy of sciences in emerging sociology ?
21. Briefly analyse the idea of collective conscience in emerging social solidarity.
22. What are the features of dialectical materialism according to Karl Marx ?
23. Elucidate the concept of positive philosophy.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C (Essay Questions)

*Answer any two questions.
Each question carries 10 marks.*

24. Narrate the factors which contribute to the development of social thought.
25. Critically analyse Marx's concept of class struggle.
26. Briefly analyse the idea of suicide and its different types according to Durkheim.
27. What is social action ? Explain different types of social action.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020**Sociology****SGY 3B 03—SOCIOLOGICAL THEORY : AN INTRODUCTION**

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A*Answer at least ten questions.**Each question carries 3 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall Ceiling 30.*

1. Define Social thought.
2. What is Positivism ?
3. Social hierarchy.
4. Social fact.
5. What is Profane ?
6. Anomie.
7. What is Industrial revolution ?
8. Explain Capitalism.
9. Define social class.
10. What is Authority ?
11. What is Ideal type ?
12. Enlist features of Bureaucracy.
13. Define social solidarity.
14. Explain concept of social change.
15. Define value oriented action.

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Section B (Paragraph Questions)*Answer at least five questions.**Each question carries 6 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall Ceiling 30.*

16. What are the features of social theory ?
17. Explain different type of suicides according to Emile Durkheim.

Turn over

**THIRD SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2020****Sociology****SOC 3B 04—FOUNDATION OF SOCIOLOGICAL THEORIES****(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)****Time : 15 Minutes****Total No. of Questions : 20****Maximum : 20 Marks****INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE**

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
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4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

SOC 3B 04—FOUNDATION OF SOCIOLOGICAL THEORIES

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

- Who among the following could be considered as an enlightenment philosopher ?
 - Aristotle.
 - Plato.
 - Socrates.
 - Montesquieu.
- The system in which the labourer had nothing to sell but his/her own labour / power :
 - Communism.
 - Socialism.
 - Capitalism.
 - Nationalism.
- _____ granted citizens individual freedoms and removed old established orders such as the church and crown, and gave people a new perspective of the world and the society in which they live.
 - French Revolution.
 - Scientific Revolution.
 - Industrial Revolution.
 - Russian Revolution.
- The intellectual movement called "The Enlightenment" is usually associated with the _____.
 - 15th Century.
 - 16th Century.
 - 17th Century.
 - 18th Century.
- In Europe, _____ was one of the torchbearers of Enlightenment literature and philosophy.
 - Rousseau.
 - Parsons.
 - Simmel.
 - Merton.
- Who is the author of 'Spirit of the Laws' ?
 - Rousseau.
 - Montesquieu.
 - Simmel.
 - Merton.
- Which of the following events was integral to the emergence of sociology ?
 - French revolution.
 - Westernisation.
 - Globalisation.
 - Modernisation.

8. _____ strengthened the state which aimed to represent the will of the people.
- (A) French revolution. (B) Westernisation.
(C) Globalisation. (D) Modernisation.
9. _____ was a period of intellectual development and change in philosophical thought beginning in the eighteenth century.
- (A) Enlightenment. (B) Capitalism.
(C) Socialism. (D) Communism.
10. _____ seeks empirical regularities, which are correlations between two variables.
- (A) Naturism. (B) Totemism.
(C) Positivism. (D) Fetishism.
11. _____ type of society is based on voluntary cooperation and individual self-restraint.
- (A) Militant. (B) Industrial.
(C) Simple. (D) Primitive.
12. Who introduced the concept of Social Class ?
- (A) Comte. (B) Spencer.
(C) Durkheim. (D) Marx.
13. In which of the following modes of production is the primary form of property the possession of objects and services through state guaranteed contract ?
- (A) Primitive Communism. (B) Slavery.
(C) Feudalism. (D) Capitalism.
14. For Marx, the analysis of social order and the causes of social change must be discovered in the specific _____ that a society has.
- (A) Mode of Production. (B) Forces of Production.
(C) Relations of Production. (D) Means of Production.
15. The ruling class in Feudalism is usually _____.
- (A) Clergy. (B) Nobility.
(C) Commoners. (D) Peasants.

16. There is a 'close relationship between religious beliefs of the people and their economic activities' said by _____.
- (A) Weber. (B) Auguste comte.
(C) Karl Marx. (D) Durkheim.
17. When the collective conscience weakens, men fall victim to _____ suicide.
- (A) Anomic (B) Egoistic.
(C) Fatalistic. (D) Altruistic.
18. _____ is the first Sociologist to advocate a social action approach.
- (A) Parson. (B) Marx.
(C) Weber. (D) Durkheim.
19. _____ literally means normlessness.
- (A) Anomic. (B) Altruistic.
(C) Egoistic. (D) None.
20. A science as a vocation and politics as a vocation is one of the main works of _____.
- (A) Karl Marx. (B) Durkheim.
(C) Spencer. (D) Weber.

**THIRD SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2020**

Sociology

SOC 3B 04—FOUNDATION OF SOCIOLOGICAL THEORIES

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A (Objective Type Questions)

*Answer all the ten questions.
Each question carries 1 mark.*

Fill in the blanks :

1. _____ considered Sociology as the study of social facts.
2. 'The Spirit of laws' is the book written by _____.
3. In Marxian sense, culture constitute the _____ structure of society.
4. _____ is suicide committed by persons who are not properly integrated with society.
5. The first estate of the French society comprised of _____.

State whether True or False :

6. Max Weber considered Sociology as the study of social action.
7. Organic analogy is the comparison of the human society with an organism.
8. Observation is a method for gaining positive knowledge.
9. Rationality means greater reliance on spirits and magic.
10. Ideal type is a methodological tool developed by Durkheim.

(10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Section B (Very Short Answer Type Questions)

*Answer ten questions out of twelve.
Each question carries 2 marks.*

Define the following concepts in 5 words :

11. French revolution.
12. Capitalism.
13. Estate system.
14. Rousseau.

Turn over

- | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| 15. Social Darwinism. | 16. Forces of production. |
| 17. Social facts. | 18. Division of labour. |
| 19. Rationality. | 20. Ideal type. |
| 21. Class conflict. | 22. Dialectical materialism. |

(10 × 2 = 20 marks)

Section C (Short Essay Questions)

Answer any six questions out of eight in less than 250 words.

Each question carries 5 marks.

23. Examine the philosophical background provided by the French scholars that led to the formation of sociological thought.
24. Explain Auguste Comte's concept of Society and his methodology.
25. Describe the Marxian mode of production.
26. What is the relation between social solidarity and division of labour.
27. Prepare a note on the Sociology as study of social action.
28. Bring out the different types of authority as conceived by Max Weber.
29. Explain the Spencer's concept of social change.
30. Examine critically the theory of suicide.

(6 × 5 = 30 marks)

Section D (Essay Questions)

Answer any two questions out of four in 1,000 words.

Each question carries 10 marks.

31. Explain the social and philosophical background for the formation of Sociological thought
32. Elaborate the Marxian theory of class and class conflict.
33. Write an essay on Durkheim as a functionalist.
34. Highlight the characteristics of bureaucracy as put forward by Max Weber.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

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(Pages : 4)

Name.....

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**THIRD SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2020**

Sociology

SOC 3B 03/SOM 3B 03—SOCIAL INFORMATICS

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time : 15 Minutes

Total No. of Questions : 20

Maximum : 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

SOC 3B 03/SOM 3B 03—SOCIAL INFORMATICS

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

- _____ is a connecting socket, outside the system into which different types of cables are plugged.
(A) CPU. (B) Port.
(C) Printer. (D) Mouse.
- Which of the following is a common example of application software ?
(A) Media Player. (B) Utility programme.
(C) Virus. (D) Cookies.
- The Free Software Foundation was founded in _____.
(A) 1982. (B) 1983.
(C) 1984. (D) 1985.
- _____ is a noteworthy attempt to resist the monopoly of certain specific groups in the field of computer software.
(A) Open access initiative. (B) Proprietary Software.
(C) Trademark. (D) Patent.
- Which of the following is an example of an output peripheral ?
(A) Keyboard. (B) Monitor.
(C) Flash drive. (D) Software.
- Which of the following is an example of storage peripheral ?
(A) Keyboard. (B) Monitor.
(C) Hard disc. (D) Software.
- Which of the following is an output device ?
(A) Keyboard (B) Speaker.
(C) Scanner. (D) Mouse.

8. Which of the following is an example of a peripheral device ?
- (A) Hard drive. (B) Software.
(C) Virus. (D) MS Office.
9. Which of the following is an example of hardware ?
- (A) Keyboard. (B) UNIX.
(C) Virus. (D) MS Office.
10. The type of mouse with the rollerball at the top or at the side of the mouse is called _____.
- (A) Trackball mouse. (B) Wireless mouse.
(C) Optical mouse. (D) Bluetooth mouse.
11. Unprocessed facts and figures without any added interpretation or analysis.
- (A) Data. (B) Information.
(C) Knowledge. (D) Theory.
12. A combination of information, experience and insight that may benefit the individual or the organisation.
- (A) Fact. (B) Information.
(C) Knowledge. (D) Theory.
13. Which of the following is an example of digital data repository ?
- (A) Web document. (B) Library.
(C) Text book. (D) Reading room.
14. A hardware device or a software application program that is used in a computer to transmit data over a network :
- (A) Modem. (B) Memory.
(C) CPU. (D) Connector.

15. Dial-up connection and _____ connection are the two types of internet connections which are used commonly.
- (A) Broad band. (B) Wide band.
(C) Short band. (D) Middle band.
16. The initiative of the US government which is considered as the early form of internet.
- (A) TARPANET. (B) CARPANET.
(C) HARPANET. (D) ARPANET.
17. What is the full form of FTP ?
- (A) Fact Transfer Protocol. (B) File Transfer Protocol.
(C) Firm Transfer Protocol. (D) Fixed Transfer Protocol.
18. A _____ is essentially a web site that allows to search all of the information on the World Wide Web.
- (A) Virus. (B) Pop-up.
(C) Malware. (D) Search engine.
19. The second part of the search engine is _____ programme which organizes the data into a database.
- (A) Indexer. (B) Spider.
(C) Malware. (D) Spyware.
20. Which of the following is a popular search engine ?
- (A) UNIX. (B) LINUX.
(C) MS DOS. (D) Yahoo.

**THIRD SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2020**

Sociology

SOC 3B 03/SOM 3B 03—SOCIAL INFORMATICS

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A

*Answer all ten questions.
Each question carries 1 mark.*

1. Name the most popular free and open source office suit.
2. Who is the father of computers ?
3. Which of the following is NOT a hardware ?
 - a) Keyboard.
 - b) MS Excel.
 - c) Mouse.
 - d) Hard disk.
4. Which is an example for Operating system ?
 - a) DOS.
 - b) Photoshop.
 - c) C++.
 - d) MS Office.
5. Which is an example for social media ?
 - a) Google.
 - b) Facebook.
 - c) Yahoo.
 - d) BSNL.
6. Google Chrome is a/an :
 - a) Presentation software.
 - b) Web browser.
 - c) Operating system.
 - d) Hardware.

Match the following :

- | | |
|------------------------|--------------|
| 7. Statistical Package | - Ubuntu. |
| 8. Operating System | - MS Excel. |
| 9. Spreadsheet | - Processor. |
| 10. Hardware | - SPSS. |

(10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Turn over

Section B

*Answer any ten questions.
Each question carries 2 marks.*

- | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------|
| 11. Operating system. | 12. Antivirus. |
| 13. Plagiarism. | 14. World Wide Web. |
| 15. Search Engine. | 16. E-waste. |
| 17. Information society. | 18. Blog. |
| 19. NICNET. | 20. Free Software. |
| 21. Hardware. | 22. Personal Computer. |

(10 × 2 = 20 marks)

Section C

*Answer any six questions.
Each question carries 5 marks.*

23. Discuss the role of I.T. in social development.
24. Discuss the relevance of cyber ethics.
25. Write a brief note on major Operating Systems.
26. Briefly discuss virtual communities.
27. Write a short note on free software movement.
28. What do you understand by 'cyber society'.
29. Discuss Application software.
30. Discuss the use of Microsoft Excel.

(6 × 5 = 30 marks)

Section D

*Answer any two questions.
Each question carries 10 marks.*

31. Discuss the relevance of informatics in society.
32. Write an essay on the use of I.T. and internet in education and knowledge sector.
33. Discuss the major features and peripherals of modern personal computers.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

Sociology

SGY 3(4) C11—SOCIOLOGY OF FAMILY, MARRIAGE AND KINSHIP

(2019—2020 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)*Answer at least ten questions.**Each question carries 3 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall Ceiling 30.*

1. Define Kinship.
2. Mention the different kinship terminologies.
3. Explain patriarchal joint family.
4. Discuss the relationship between urbanization and nuclear family system.
5. Explain dual career family.
6. Explain reconstituted families.
7. Explain dowry death.
8. Give a short note on The Indian Divorce Act, 1869.
9. Give a short note on Kerala's joint family system.
10. Discuss and differentiate Sambandam and Veli.
11. What are the powers of Family Court ?
12. Explain Hindu Succession Act.
13. Explain Hindu Adoptions and Maintenance Act.
14. Discuss and differentiate sex and gender.
15. Give a short note on 'Family and Kinship in East London'.

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Turn over

Section B (Paragraph/Problem Type)

Answer at least five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

16. Discuss the features of family as a universal institution.
17. Illustrate the functionalist perspective on family as discussed by Talcott Parsons.
18. Explain the critical perspectives on family.
19. Discuss the different stages of family life as discussed by Michael Young.
20. Critically evaluate the functions of family in Industrial society.
21. Explain the changing trends in Nair family.
22. Illustrate the nuclearization of Indian family in the context of urbanization.
23. Explain the problems related with dowry and divorce with reference to Kerala society.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Discuss and differentiate critical and Marxian views on family.
25. Critically evaluate the functions of family in the modern industrial society.
26. Discuss the changing trends in the institution of family with special reference to industrial society.
27. Examine the role of family, marriage and kinship in India from a Sociological perspective.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

**THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2021**

Sociology

SGY 3(4) C10—SOCIOLOGY OF DEVELOPMENT

(2019—2020 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer at least ten questions.

Each question carries 3 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

1. What is meant by human development report ?
2. What is Non-Violence ?
3. Define NNP.
4. Differentiate growth Vs development ?
5. Explain Social Development.
6. Define Proletariat.
7. What is downfall of capitalism ?
8. Explain inhuman technology.
9. How to calculate GDP?
10. What is niti aayog ?
11. Explain capitalism.
12. Define brain drain.
13. What you meant by displacement induced development ?
14. What are first world countries ?
15. What are the indicators of human development ?

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Turn over

Section B (Paragraph/Problem Type)

Answer at least five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

16. What is Kerala Model of Development ?
17. Critically analyze the consequences of economic reforms.
18. Explain the changing conceptions of social development ?
19. Elaborate the concept 'Socialist Revolution' by Frank.
20. Explain the irrelevance of economic reforms in pandemic era.
21. Describe the five stages in Rostow's economic growth.
22. Differentiate the features of developed and less developed nations
23. Explain the World System Theory.
24. Explain the I challenges of globalization in Indian economy.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

25. Evaluate the relevance of Marxian perspective on development in the present scenario.
26. Elaborate the modernization theory of W W Rostow and illustrate it with suitable examples.
27. Evaluate the importance of Gandhian perspective on development.
28. Explain the different conceptual perspectives of development.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

**THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2021**

Sociology

SGY 3(4) C04—INTRODUCTION TO ECONOMIC SOCIOLOGY

(2019—2020 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A

Answer at least ten questions.

Each question carries 3 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

1. What is Economic action ?
2. Define Economics.
3. Define Economic Sociology.
4. Explain Class Conflict.
5. Explain Surplus value.
6. What is exploitation of Labour ?
7. What is Globalisation ?
8. Explain Economic Behaviour.
9. Define Market Economy.
10. Explain inequality.
11. Explain Division of Labour.
12. What is Consumption ?
13. Define Poverty.
14. What is discrimination ?
15. Explain Class-Struggle.

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Turn over

Section B

Answer at least five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

16. Explain the relationship between Economies and Economic Sociology.
17. Briefly explain the out look of Max Weber on economic system.
18. Explain Emile Durkheim's view about division of Labour.
19. Explain different forms of inequality in markets.
20. Explain the views of piere Bourdieu about cultural capital.
21. Explain social Embeddedness theory.
22. Examine the role of caste in the economic development in India.
23. Bring out the reasons of poverty in India.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. What is Economic Sociology ? Explain its origin and development.
25. Explain the theory of Karl Marx about economy system in Society.
26. Explain in detail what extent globalisation and market monopoly influence the economic structure of Indian Society.
27. Bring out in detail about the Socio-Cultureal aspects of Economic development in India.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021**Sociology****SGY 3(4) C04—INTRODUCTION TO POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY****(2019—2020 Admissions)****Time : Two Hours and a Half****Maximum : 80 Marks****Section A (Short Answer Type)***Answer at least ten questions.**Each question carries 3 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall Ceiling 30.*

1. What do you mean by Pressure Tactics ?
2. What are the characteristics of Legal authority ?
3. Define Political Sociology.
4. Define the concept of Caste.
5. Discuss the concept of Party.
6. What do you mean by Legitimacy ?
7. Describe the qualities of Charismatic Leader.
8. Describe the characteristics of Patriarchy.
9. Define Communalism.
10. What do you mean by Politicization of caste ?
11. Discuss the characteristics of Political System.
12. Explain the importance of secularism in our Country.
13. Define Public Opinion.
14. What do you mean by commercialization ?
15. Discuss the role of mass media.

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)**Turn over**

Section B (Paragraph/Problem Type)

Answer at least five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

16. What are the types of Political Socialisation ?
17. Explain the theory of Power Elite by Mills.
18. Elaborate Agencies of Political Socialisation.
19. Describe the role of commercialization in our modern society.
20. Discuss the relationship between politics and society.
21. What are the forms of pressure tactics used by pressure groups ?
22. Mention the significance of public opinion in our Modern Society.
23. Explain the theory of circulation of Elites by Pareto.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Explain the Nature and Scope of Political Sociology.
25. Elaborate the role of Globalization in our contemporary Society.
26. Illustrate the Functions of major Communal Organisations in Kerala.
27. Explain the means and determinants of Political Participation.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

Sociology

SGY 3(4) C03—INTRODUCTION TO SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY

(2019—2020 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A

Answer at least ten questions.

Each question carries 3 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

1. Nature of social psychology.
2. What is personality ?
3. Define social attitude.
4. Define leadership.
5. Explain learning.
6. Explain motivation.
7. Explain various type of memory.
8. Explain cognitive development.
9. Define conformity.
10. Define audience.
11. Define social interaction.
12. Explain emotional development.
13. Explain Perception.
14. Define Social interaction.
15. Define mob violence.

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Turn over

Section B

Answer at least five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

16. Define group and explain primary group and secondary group.
17. Bring out of the relationship between sociology and social psychology.
18. What is personality ? Bring out the major social factors affecting personality.
19. Explain the characteristics of crowd.
20. Explain prejudice and confirmity.
21. Explain the process of social learning in detail.
22. Bring out of the characteristics of leadership.
23. Explain various type of social group.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Explain in detail about the attitude formation in social life.
25. Define social psychology and explain the subject matter of social psychology.
26. What is socialisation? Explain various stages of socialisation and agencies of socialisation.
27. Define crowd and audience. Bring out the difference between crowd and audience.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

**THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2021**

Sociology

SGY 3(4) C02—SOCIOLOGY OF INDIAN SOCIETY

(2019—2020 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer at least ten questions.

Each question carries 3 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

1. Define the concept of Family.
2. What are the characteristics of caste system ?
3. Describe the impact of domestic violence.
4. Define Marriage.
5. Discuss the features of Joint Family.
6. Define Tribe.
7. What are the characteristics of family ?
8. Write a short note on Linguistic diversity.
9. Discuss role of Kinship in traditional society.
10. What are the negative impacts of Dowry ?
11. Explain the Financial problems of elderly.
12. Discuss the impact of poverty in India.
13. Discuss the concept of intragenerational conflict.
14. What do you mean by ethnic diversity ?
15. Describe the concept of Monogamy.

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Turn over

Section B (Paragraph/Problem Type)

Answer at least five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

16. What are the forms of Kinship ?
17. Explain the functions of marriage.
18. Elaborate the concept crisis of values.
19. Illustrate the impact of ecological degradation.
20. Explain the major problems of backward classes in India.
21. Compare the difference between monogamy and polygamy.
22. Illustrate the demographic profile of tribes in India.
23. Discuss the structure and functions of Nuclear family.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Explain the problems of Elderly in India.
25. Elaborate the forms of Pollution. Explain the Remedial Measures of Pollution.
26. Examine the functions of Joint Family in India.
27. Explain the Subaltern Perspective by B. R. Ambedkar.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

**THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2021****Sociology****SGY 3B 04—SOCIAL STRATIFICATION AND INEQUALITY****(2019—2020 Admissions)****Time : Two Hours and a Half****Maximum : 80 Marks****Section A***Answer at least ten questions.**Each question carries 3 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall Ceiling 30.*

1. Define Caste.
2. Explain Class.
3. What is Disability ?
4. Explain social inclusion
5. What is Status ?
6. Explain discrimination.
7. What is Social capital ?
8. What is Handicap ?
9. What is PWD act ?
10. What is upward mobility ?
11. Define social structure.
12. Explain Hierarchy.
13. Explain Stratification.
14. Explain Inequality.
15. What is Social stigma ?

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)**Turn over**

Section B

Answer at least five questions.

Each question carries 6 marks.

All questions can be attended.

Overall Ceiling 30.

16. Briefly explain the views of periyar on caste system.
17. Explain the functional perspective on caste system.
18. Bring out the issue of scheduled caste.
19. Bring out the Maxian view of class conflict.
20. Explain various type of disabilities.
21. Bring out the features of medical approach to disability.
22. What are the constitutional provisions to protect scheduled caste ?
23. "Class mobility brings social status" - Explain.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. What is social stratification ? Explain Weberian and Marxian approaches of stratification.
25. Explain the process of politicalisation of class and caste in India.
26. What is Disability ? Bring out views type of disability and explain social right approach.
27. What is social inclusion ? Bring out the measures to create a barrier free society.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

Sociology

SGY 3B 03—SOCIOLOGICAL THEORY : AN INTRODUCTION

(2019—2020 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A*Answer at least ten questions.**Each question carries 3 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall Ceiling 30.*

- | | |
|----------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. Positivism. | 2. Social fact. |
| 3. Division of labour. | 4. Suicide. |
| 5. Class struggle. | 6. Social Change. |
| 7. Ideal type. | 8. Authority. |
| 9. Bureaucracy. | 10. Religion. |
| 11. Dialectic Materialism. | 12. Poverty. |
| 13. Surplus value. | 14. Social solidarity. |
| 15. Anomie. | |

(10 × 3 = 30 marks)

Section B*Answer at least five questions.**Each question carries 6 marks.**All questions can be attended.**Overall Ceiling 30.*

16. Explain the features of social theory.
17. Explain social Darwinism.
18. Explain the view of August Comte about the hierarchy of science.
19. Explain the idea of collective consciousness.
20. Elucidate the concept of positive philosophy.

21. Briefly explain the concept of dialectic materialism.
22. Explain the types of authority by Max Weber.
23. Explain the terms sacred and profane.

(5 × 6 = 30 marks)

Section C

*Answer any two questions.
Each question carries 10 marks.*

24. Explain Emile Durkheim's idea of social solidarity and division of labour.
25. Bring out Max Weber's view on power and authority.
26. Explain in detail about Herbert Spencer's organic analogy and types of society.
27. Explain in detail about the emergence of social thought with reference to Rousseau and Montesquieu.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

**THIRD SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2021****Sociology****SOC 3B 04—FOUNDATION OF SOCIOLOGICAL THEORIES****(2014—2018 Admissions)****(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)****Time : 15 Minutes****Total No. of Questions : 20****Maximum : 20 Marks****INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE**

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

SOC 3B 04—FOUNDATION OF SOCIOLOGICAL THEORIES

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

- Who was the first to use the term sociology as a way of studying the world in terms of society ?
 - Comte.
 - Spencer.
 - Durkheim.
 - Marx.
- The French revolution led to the emergence of _____.
 - Nationalism.
 - Socialism.
 - Communism.
 - Capitalism.
- The concept of _____ was based on the ideology that society will gradually improve on the basis that the 'fittest' will be the most successful and therefore 'survive'.
 - Social Imperialism.
 - Social Marxism.
 - Social Colonialism.
 - Social Darwinism.
- _____ granted citizens individual freedoms and removed old established orders such as the church and crown, and gave people a new perspective of the world and the society in which they live.
 - French Revolution.
 - Scientific Revolution.
 - Industrial Revolution.
 - Russian Revolution.
- The Enlightenment is associated with which of the following thinkers :
 - Merton.
 - Parsons.
 - Simmel.
 - Voltaire.
- "Man is born free, and everywhere he is in chains. Those who think themselves the masters of others are indeed greater slaves than they". Name the book which opens with these lines.
 - Positive Philosophy.
 - Das Capital.
 - The Social Contract.
 - The City.
- In a democracy, the _____ are sovereign.
 - People.
 - Relationships.
 - Roles.
 - Positions.

8. Which of the following events was integral to the emergence of sociology ?
- (A) Industrial revolution. (B) Westernisation.
(C) Globalisation. (D) Modernisation.
9. Under _____, land was the main means of production.
- (A) Feudalism. (B) Capitalism.
(C) Socialism. (D) Communism.
10. Auguste Comte was a _____ philosopher.
- (A) French. (B) German.
(C) Russian. (D) Austrian.
11. The _____ stage is the last and highest stage in Comte's work.
- (A) Theological. (B) Metaphysical.
(C) Positivist. (D) Revolutionary.
12. The first social thinker who developed Darwinian evolutionism in the society :
- (A) Weber. (B) Spencer.
(C) Durkheim. (D) Marx.
13. In which book has Spencer observed some similarities between biological and social organism ?
- (A) Principles of Sociology. (B) Positive Philosophy.
(C) Positive Politics. (D) Human Society.
14. In which of the following modes of production is the primary form of property the possession of objects and services through state guaranteed contract ?
- (A) Primitive Communism. (B) Slavery.
(C) Feudalism. (D) Capitalism.
15. Who defined sociology as the study of societal evolution ?
- (A) Comte. (B) Spencer.
(C) Durkheim. (D) Marx.

16. _____ shapes the mode of distribution, circulation and consumption, and is regulated by the state.
- (A) Mode of Production. (B) Forces of Production.
(C) Relations of Production. (D) Means of Production.
17. Relatively large scale organisations with specialised functions :
- (A) Social organisation. (B) Bureaucracy.
(C) Institution. (D) Formal organisation.
18. Man is always ready to sacrifice his life for a great cause, principle, ideal or value :
- (A) Anomic suicide. (B) Altruistic suicide.
(C) Egoistic suicide. (D) Fatalistic suicide.
19. _____ literally means normlessness.
- (A) Anomic. (B) Altruistic.
(C) Egoistic. (D) None.
20. In which book Weber argued that religious zeal was at the core of the growth of capitalism ?
- (A) General economic history.
(B) The Protestant ethic and the Spirit of Capitalism.
(C) The City.
(D) Economy and Society.

**THIRD SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2021**

Sociology

SOC 3B 04—FOUNDATION OF SOCIOLOGICAL THEORIES

(2014—2018 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A (Objective Type Questions)

Answer all the ten questions.

Each question carries 1 marks.

Fill in the blanks :

1. _____ was characterised by the belief that people could control universe by means of reason.
2. _____ is the economic system in which the bourgeoisie owns the means of production
3. The Rules of Sociological Method' is an important work of _____.
4. _____ is the authority that emerges, from long lasting systems of beliefs
5. Auguste Comte's evolutionary theory is also known as _____.

State whether True or False :

6. Durkheim considered Sociology as the study of social action.
7. Organic solidarity is typified by the feeling of likeness.
8. Iron cage of rationality is the concept developed by Karl Marx.
9. Sir Francis Bacon is referred to as 'father of the scientific method'.
10. Saint Simon served as Auguste Comte's secretary and disciple.

(10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Section B (Very Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any ten questions out of twelve.

Each question carries 2 marks.

Define the following concepts in 5 words.

11. Estate system.
12. Scientific revolution.
13. Enlightenment.
14. Saint Simon.

Turn over

- | | |
|----------------------|-------------------------|
| 15. Organic analogy. | 16. Mode of production. |
| 17. Class. | 18. Social solidarity. |
| 19. Positivism. | 20. Power. |
| 21. Rationality. | 22. Verstehen. |

(10 × 2 = 20 marks)

Section C (Short Essay Questions)

Answer any six questions out of eight in less than 250 words.

Each question carries 5 marks.

23. Examine the intellectual background that led to the formation of sociological thought.
24. Describe Herbert Spencer's concept of society and social change.
25. Explain Dialectical materialism as the methodology employed by Karl Marx.
26. Elaborate the concept of Division of labour as conceived by Emile Durkheim.
27. Analyse the characteristics features of bureaucracy.
28. Illustrate the contributions of Rousseau, Montesquieu and Saint Simon towards the formation of Sociological thought.
29. Examine the reasons why Durkheim is considered as a functionalist.
30. Briefly examine the types of authority as stated by Weber.

(6 × 5 = 30 marks)

Section D (Essay Questions)

Answer any two questions out of four in 1,000 words.

Each question carries 10 marks.

31. Examine the social and intellectual background that led to the formation of Sociological thought.
32. Critically examine Karl Marx's theory of class and class conflict.
33. Explain theory of suicide of Emile Durkheim with examples.
34. Bring out the relationship between Religion and Economy as formulated by Max Weber.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

**THIRD SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2021****Sociology****SOC 3B 03/SOM 3B 03—SOCIAL INFORMATICS****(2014—2018 Admissions)****(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)****Time : 15 Minutes****Total No. of Questions : 20****Maximum : 20 Marks****INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE**

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

SOC 3B 03/SOM 3B 03—SOCIAL INFORMATICS

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

- Which of the following is an example of storage peripheral ?
(A) Keyboard. (B) Monitor.
(C) Flash drive. (D) Software.
- Which of the following is an example of storage peripheral ?
(A) Keyboard. (B) Monitor.
(C) Hard disc. (D) Software.
- A hardware device or a software application program that is used in a computer to transmit data over a network :
(A) Modem. (B) Memory.
(C) CPU. (D) Connector.
- The device used to convert information in analog form to digital and vice versa :
(A) Modem. (B) Memory.
(C) CPU. (D) Converter.
- The initiative of the US government which is considered as the early form of internet :
(A) TARPANET. (B) CARPANET.
(C) HARPANET. (D) ARPANET.
- What is the full form of FTP ?
(A) Fact Transfer Protocol. (B) File Transfer Protocol.
(C) Firm Transfer Protocol. (D) Fixed Transfer Protocol.
- Wikipedia was started in the year _____.
(A) 2000. (B) 2001.
(C) 2002. (D) 2003.

8. What is the full form of INFLIBNET ?
- (A) Information and Library Network. (B) Informed and Liberated Network.
(C) Informed Library Network. (D) Information Liberation Network.
9. _____ is a virtual network of libraries of different academic institutions.
- (A) UNIX. (B) LINUX.
(C) IGNOU. (D) INFLIBNET.
10. _____ provide networking for e-governance.
- (A) LINUX. (B) IGNOU.
(C) INFLIBNET. (D) NICNET.
11. The basics of Social cybernetics are :
- (A) Human-human interaction. (B) Human Computer relationship.
(C) Behavioral Cabernets. (D) All the above.
12. What is knowledge economy ?
- (A) Wealth created through economic exploitation of understanding.
(B) Thought economic exploitation of tourism.
(C) Thought economic exploitation of beauty and fashion.
(D) None of these.
13. The knowledge that can be spoken in language and transmitted / among individuals :
- (A) General Knowledge. (B) Explicit knowledge.
(C) Tacit Knowledge. (D) None of the above.
14. This kind of attack involves altering raw data just before a computer processes it and then changing it back after the processing is completed :
- (A) Data diddling. (B) Salami attacks.
(C) Virus attack. (D) Web jacking.
15. This refers to environmentally sustainable computing of IT :
- (A) Electronic Computing. (B) Cloud Computing.
(C) Green Computing. (D) EEE.

16. Which is the following does not come under cyber Crime ?
- (A) Cyber Defamation. (B) Cyber Stalking.
(C) Forgery. (D) Online Chatting.
17. What is COPA ?
- (A) Child Online Protection Act. (B) Computer online protection Act.
(C) Computer online Prevention Act. (D) Child Online prevention Act.
18. Who invented e-mail programe on Internet ?
- (A) Ray Tamlinson. (B) Charles Babbage.
(C) Marconi. (D) Mark Sooker Berg.
19. Which one of the following is an example of unethical behavior of cyber world ?
- (A) Communalism. (B) Eve teasing.
(C) Terrorism. (D) Pirating Music and Videos.
20. _____ software programs are designed to keep computers safe from hackers.
- (A) Fire Walls (B) Cyber security measure.
(C) Cyber laws. (D) None of these.

**THIRD SEMESTER (CUCBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2021**

Sociology

SOC 3B 03/SOM 3B 03—SOCIAL INFORMATICS

(2014—2018 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A (Objective Type)

Answer all the **ten** questions.

Each question carries 1 mark.

Fill in the blanks :

1. RAM is an example of _____ memory.
2. _____ is an application that uses internet data transport mechanism.
3. Cyber ethics refers to the code of responsible _____ on the internet.
4. Expansion of HTTP is _____.
5. _____ software can be used, studied and modified without restriction.

State whether the following statements are True or False :

6. CD ROM is an means of external memory.
7. Plagiarism is stealing a person's ideas or writing.
8. Spreadsheet is an example of an antivirus.
9. Firewall is a means for protecting computers.
10. Vlog is a blog that contains video content.

(10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Section B (Very Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any **ten** questions out of twelve.

Each question carries 2 marks.

Define the following concepts in 50 words.

11. Software.
12. INFLIBNET.
13. Patents.
14. Informatics.
15. Cyber piracy.

16. MS Excel.
17. e-groups.
18. Digital divide.
19. Social cybernetics.
20. Copy right.
21. Information overload.
22. Search engine.

(10 × 2 = 20 marks)

Section C (Short Essay Questions)

*Answer any six out of eight in less than 200 words.
Each question carries 5 marks.*

23. Describe the significance of Free software movement.
24. Explain the role of Internet as a Knowledge repository.
25. Discuss the significant practices of cyber ethics.
26. Examine the health issues related to use of computers.
27. Elaborate the problems associated with e-waste.
28. Prepare a note on the ways to create cyber presence.
29. Discuss the basic principles for green computing.
30. Examine the relationship between IT and social development.

(6 × 5 = 30 marks)

Section D (Essay Questions)

*Answer any two questions out of four in 1000 words.
Each question carries 10 marks.*

31. Explain the features of modern personal computers and peripherals.
32. What are the uses of IT in teaching? Cite suitable examples.
33. Prepare an essay on the opportunities and threat of IT industry.
34. Discuss the issues related to cyber privacy and importance of cyber laws.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)