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## SECOND SEMESTER M.A. DEGREE (CBCSS—SDE/PRIVATE) EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022

#### Sociology

## SOC 2C 05—SCHOOLS OF SOCIOLOGICAL THEORY

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 30 Weightage

#### Part A

Answer any four questions in not less than 50 words.

Each question carries 2 weightage.

- 1. Manifest and latent functions.
- 2. Analytical functionalism.
- 3. Pattern variables.
- 4. Conflict functionalism.
- 5. I and Me.
- 6. Looking Glass Self.
- 7. Impression Management.

 $(4 \times 2 = 8 \text{ weightage})$ 

#### Part B

Answer any four questions in not more than 250 words.

Each question carries 3 weightage.

- 8. Examine A R Radcliff Brown's contributions to structural functionalism.
- 9. Compare the conflict perspectives of Coser and Dahrendorf.
- 10. Illustrate conflict perspective of Randall Collins.
- 11. Critically examine Goffman's dramaturgical perspective.
- 12. Make an evaluative assessment of Garfinkel's theory of ethnomethodology.

- 13. Illuminate the phenomenological interactionism of A Schutz.
- 14. Examine Levi Strauss's structuralist perspective.

 $(4 \times 3 = 12 \text{ weightage})$ 

#### Part C

Answer any two questions from the following in not more than 1,000 words.

Each question carries 5 weightage.

- 15. Examine the paradigmatic functionalism of R. K. Merton.
- 16. Compare the conflict perspectives of Marx, Weber, and Simmel.
- 17. Evaluate the Interactionist approach of Herbert Blumer
- 18. Critically evaluate the work of Social Construction of Reality.

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## SECOND SEMESTER M.A. DEGREE (CBCSS—SDE/PRIVATE) EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022

Sociology

SOC 2C 05—SCHOOLS OF SOCIOLOGICAL THEORY—I

(2019 Admission onwards)

[Improvement Candidates need not appear for MCQ Part)]
(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 20 Minutes

Total No. of Questions: 20

Maximum: 5 Weightage

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- 2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- 3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- 4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

# SOC 2C 05—SCHOOLS OF SOCIOLOGICAL THEORY—I

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1. The theoretical perspective that emphasises the importance of moral consensus in maintaining

	order a	nd stability in a system is called :		
	(A)	Structuralism.	(B)	Functionalism.
	(C)	Conflict perspective.	(D)	Interactionism.
2.	Middle	-range theories is a great contribut	ion by	<i>'</i> :
	(A)	Robert K Merton.	(B)	Talcott Parson.
	(C)	Ralph Dahrendorf.	(D)	Wright Mills.
3.		es that deal with the analysis of la is called :	rge-s	cale social structures and long-term processes of
	(A)	Micro level theories.	(B)	Macro level theories.
	(C)	Middle-range theories.	(D)	Symbolic interactionism.
4.	Conflic	t theories operate at a ——— pers	pectiv	·e.—
	(A)	Micro-level.	(B)	Macro-level.
	(C)	Individual level.	(D)	Peripheral level.
5.	Who is	known as the founder of conflict th	neory	?
	(A)	Karl Marx.	(B)	Herbert Spencer.
	(C)	E-mile Durkheim.	(D)	Max Webber.
6.	Looking	g glass Self theory was developed	by:	
	(A)	G. H. Mead.	(B)	Erving Goffmn.
	(C)	C. H. Cooley.	(D)	Alfred Schutz.
7.	Double	-consciousness is a key theoretical i	idea o	f:
	(A)	Jane Addams.	(B)	Anthony Giddens.
	(C)	Alfred Schutz.	(D)	W. E. B. Du Bois.
	Ċ			

8.	Name t	the author of the book" Mind, Self a	ınd Sc	ociety".
	(A)	G. H. Mead.	(B)	Herbert Blumer.
	(C)	Talcott Parsons.	(D)	Robert K Merton.
9.	Conflic	t theory emerged as a (n):		
	(A)	Critique of feminist theory.		
	(B)	Alternative to Anthony Giddens's	struct	turation theory.
	(C)	Alternative to structural-functions	alism.	
	(D)	Critique of postmodernism		, O,
10.		— is considered the major represen	tative	of poststructuralism.
	(A)	Claude Lèvi-Strauss.	(B)	Jurgen Habermas.
	(C)	Michel Foucault	(D)	Richard Emerson.
11.	Which	of the following is NOT one of Talco	tt Pai	rsons's action systems?
	(A)	The cultural system.	(B)	The latent system.
	(C)	The social system	(D)	The personality system.
12.	The bas	sic unit within Talcott Parsons's so	cial sy	stem is the :
	(A)	Allocative-integrative process.	(B)	Hierarchy of conditioning factors.
	(C)	Status-role complex.	(D)	Environment boundary maintenance.
13.	Unlike order.	the structural functionalists, the ne	ofunc	tionalists gave as much attention to ———— as to
	(A)	Action.	(B)	Disorder
	(C)	Norms.	(D)	Roles.
14.	Which	of the following theorists coined the	e tern	n symbolic interactionism?
	(À)	Erving Goffman.	(B)	Herbert Blumer.
	(C)	Georg Simmel.	(D)	George Herbert Mead.
15.	-	— is the general mechanism for the	deve	lopment of the self.
	(A)	Reflexivity.	(B)	Gesture.
	(C)	Impulse.	(D)	Human nature.
				Turn over

16.	Accord	ing to Mead, ——— behavior is the	he thi	nking process, involving symbols and meanings.
	(A)	Overt.	(B)	Covert.
	(C)	Front stage.	(D)	Back stage.
17.	Which	of the following statements correctl	y cha	racterizes Goffman's work later in his career?
	(A)	Goffman became more cynical of s	ocial	life.
	(B)	Goffman focused more on small-sc	ale st	ructures.
	(C)	Goffman defined action more as a	n acti	ve and creative process.
	(D)	Goffman became convinced that d	rama	turgy was the best way to understand social life.
18.	Accord	ing to ethnomethodologists, social a	ctors	use — to accomplish their everyday lives. ,
	(A)	Formal logic.	(B)	Practical reasoning.
	(C)	Empirical research.	(D)	Conscious processes.
19.	With w	rhich of the following statements we	ould a	n ethnomethodologist agree ?
	(A)	Gender is something that social ac	ctors	are born with.
	(B)	Gender is something that social ac	tors a	eccomplish.
	(C)	Gender is not a significant variab	le to s	study, because it never changes.
	(D)	Gender can be studied only throu	gh an	alyses of verbal conversations.
20.		ffrey Alexander, normative, non ions of his multidimensional sociolo		onal, and affective actions constitute
	(A)	Materialist.	(B)	Non-material.
-	(C)	Macro.	(D)	Micro.

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# SECOND SEMESTER M.A. DEGREE (CBCSS—SDE/PRIVATE) EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022

### Sociology

## SOC 2C 06—RESEARCH METHODOLOGY—II

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 30 Weightage

#### Part A

Answer any four questions in not less than 50 words.

Each question carries 2 weightage.

- 1. What is an ordinal scale?
- 2. Describe Bogardus' Social Distance Scale.
- 3. What are the measures of Central tendency?
- 4. Describe the types of parametric tests.
- 5. Explain a frequency table.
- 6. Find the Median from the following data

28, 32, 27, 45, 31, 45

7. What is an Ogive?

 $(4 \times 2 = 8 \text{ weightage})$ 

#### Part B

Answer any four questions in not more than 250 words.

Each question carries 3 weightage.

- 8. Discuss the different types of scaling in Social Research.
- 9. What are the methods for establishing validity and reliability of scales?
- 10. Explain Regression and mention its meaning and purpose.
- 11. Describe the techniques for classification and tabulation of data.

12. Obtain Standard deviation for the data given below:

0-10 10-20 20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60-70 10 15 25 25 10 10

- 13. Identify the issues related to Copyright and Plagiarism in Social Research.
- 14. Elaborate on the steps in report writing.

 $(4 \times 3 = 12 \text{ weightage})$ 

#### Part C

Answer any two questions from the following in not more than 1,000 words.

Each question carries 5 weightage.

- 15. Explain the importance of measurement in research and describe the measurement scales in Social Research.
- 16. Describe the nature, use and limitations of Statistics in Social research.
- 17. Examine different types of diagrammatic and graphic presentation of data.
- 18. Calculate Co-efficient of Correlation for the following series:

 Series X
 2
 3
 4
 5
 6
 7
 8

 Series Y
 4
 5
 6
 12
 9
 5
 4

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# SECOND SEMESTER M.A. DEGREE (CBCSS—SDE/PRIVATE) EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022

Sociology

SOC 2C 06—RESEARCH METHODOLOGY—II

(2019 Admission onwards)

[Improvement Candidates need not appear for MCQ Part]
(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 20 Minutes

Total No. of Questions: 20

Maximum: 5 Weightage

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- 2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- 3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- 4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

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## SOC 2C 06—RESEARCH METHODOLOGY—II

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1. The researchers need to understand techniques of developing a measurement tool			s of developing a measurement tools. It includes					
	(a) Concept development and specifications of concept dimensions.							
	(b) Ge	(b) Generalisation of facts and data.						
	(c) Se	lection of indicators and formation	of ind	lex.				
	(d) In	terpretation of circumstantial evide	nces.					
	Code.			4				
	(A)	(a) only.	(B)	(a) and (c) only.				
	(C)	(a), (b) and (c).	(D)	(c) and (d) only.				
2.		as a variable measurem	ent s	cale, it produces the order of variables as well as				
	make t	he differences between variable kn	own a	long with information on the value of true zero?				
	(A)	Ordinal scale.	(B)	Ratio scale.				
	(C)	Nominal scale.	(D)	Interval scale.				
3.	In the l	evel of measurement, —	<b>→</b> i	used to simply depict the order of variables, not to				
	make d	ifference between variables?						
	(A)	Interval scale.	(B)	Ordinal scale.				
	(C)	Ratio scale.	(D)	Nominal scale.				
4.	Which	of the following statement is not tro	те гед	arding inferential statistics?				
	(A) It primary concerned with generalization process.							
	(B) The calculation of population parameters and testing of statistical population are major problems.							
	(C)	(C) It is also known as sampling statistics.						
	(D)	It is concern the creation of raw d	ata in	dexes.				
5.	"Avera	ges are statistical constant which en	able i	us to comprehend in a single effort the significance				
	of the v	vhole" who defined ?						
	(A)	A. E Waugh.	(B)	Walter Bodmer.				
	(C)	Thomas Farrer.	(D)	A.L Bowley.				

6.		is a graphical representation involves the plotting of cumulative frequency that					
	may be	cumulated downward or upward					
	(A)	Pie diagram.	(B)	Bar Diagram.			
	(C)	Histogram.	(D)	Ogive.			
7.				viors and other features of the ant ethical classes lidation method is known as —————?			
	(A)	Logical validation.	(B)	Known groups.			
	(C)	Jury opinion.	(D)	Independent criteria.			
8.	Who is	regarded as the father of statistic	s?	4			
	(A)	Sir Ronald A Fisher.	(B)	Casper Newman.			
	(C)	Sir Wijialt Petty.	(D)	James Dodson.			
9.		estigator can forecast the most proving as ————————————————————?	ecise va	llue of a variable on the basis of available value, it			
	(A)	Regression analysis.	(B)	Estimation.			
	(C)	Prediction.	(D)	Prediction.			
10.	is indeed the exact center of the distribution of rating?						
	(A)	Median.	(B)	Correlation.			
	(C)	Mean.	(D)	Mode.			
11.	Statist	ics are not as simply means of gat	hering	numerical data but also ———?			
	(A)	Establishing sound method for he inferences from them.	andling	g and interpretation as well as drawing on relevant			
	(B) Predicting or forecasting future events based on extant data.						
	(C)	Used by social scientists to arranguestions and evaluating hypotherm	_	l manipulate data for the purpose of addressing			
	(D)	All of the above.					
12.		number of observations is odd, t		e ————————————————————————————————————			
	(A)	Mean.	(B)	Range.			
	(C)	Mode.	(D)	Median. Turn over			

13.	Which of the following statements are considered as purpose of regression?						
	(a) To verify whether there is a correlation between variable.						
	(b) To	predict or estimate average relation	nship	based on set of data.			
	(c) To	identify which variables are more	impor	tant than others to explain the response variable.			
	Code						
	(A)	(a) only.	(B)	(a) and (b) are correct.			
	(C)	(a), (b) and (c) are correct.	(D)	(b) and (c) are correct.			
14.		is a simplest approach, u	used to	o predict the relationship between one dependent			
	variabl	e and one or more explanatory var	iables	?			
	(A)	Probability distribution.	<b>(B)</b>	Average.			
	(C)	Variability.	(D)	Linear regression.			
15.	·	used to check the releva	nce of	f the data obtained in percentage or proportion?			
	(A)	F test.	(B)	T test.			
	(C)	Z test.	(D)	Chi-square.			
16.	Accord	ing to C R Kothari, what is the first	t steps	s in the writing of technical report?			
	(A)	Nature of the study.	<b>(B)</b>	Summary of the results.			
	(C)	Methods utilized.	(D)	Analysis of data.			
17.	Data is	the process of reviewing the raw d	ata ga	athered in order to find and correct errors?			
	(A)	Editing.	(B)	Coding.			
	(C)	Classification.	(D)	Arrangement.			
18.	Which cresearc		ė brot	gramme for code and retrieve theme in qualitative			
	(A)	SPSS.	(B)	MATLAB.			
	(C)	CAQDAS.	(D)	STATA.			
19.		———— is an alphabetical list of	word	s and expressions with the page of the book upon			
	which t	they are to be found?					
	(A)	Bibliography.	(B)	Footnotes.			
	(C)	Index.	(D)	References.			
20.		is a collection of supplem	entar	y material that is relevant to your research project			
	as well	as provide a comprehensive under	standi	ing of the research problem ?			
	(A)	Reference.	(B)	Appendices.			
	(C)	Bibliography.	(D)	Footnotes.			

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## SECOND SEMESTER M.A. DEGREE (CBCSS—SDE/PRIVATE) EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022

### Sociology

#### SOC 2C 07—URBAN SOCIOLOGY

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 30 Weightage

#### Part A

Answer any four questions in not less than 50 words.

Each question carries 2 weightage.

- 1. Define urbanization.
- 2. Describe ethnic enclaves.
- 3. Briefly explain 'invasion' as an Urban ecological processes.
- 4. What is Urban Ecology.
- 5. Explain the concept of 'right to city'.
- 6. What is urban poverty?
- 7. Explain gentrification.

 $(4 \times 2 = 8 \text{ weightage})$ 

#### Part B

Answer any four questions in not more than 250 words.

Each question carries 3 weightage.

- 8. Explain the classification of urban centres.
- 9. Describe the difference between Mega-cities, Metropolis and Megalapolis.
- 10. Examine the elements of Urban Ecology.
- 11. Explain the contributions of Contemporary Human Ecological approach.
- 12. What is Neo-Weberian perspective to Urban Sociology.

- 13. Describe impact of colonialism on Urbanization in India.
- 14. Elaborate the contributions of Patric Geddes to Indian Urban Sociology.

 $(4 \times 3 = 12 \text{ weightage})$ 

#### Part C

Answer any two questions from the following in not more than 1,000 words.

Each question carries 5 weightage.

- 15. Describe the Classical Sociological traditions of Urban Sociology,
- 16. Examine the contributions of Park, Burgess and Me kenzie to Urban Sociology.
- 17. Discuss the Neomarxian approach to urban development proposed by Manual Castells.
- 18. Discuss the social problems peculiar to urban social settings.

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# SECOND SEMESTER M.A. DEGREE (CBCSS—SDE/PRIVATE) EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022

Sociology

SOC 2C 07—URBAN SOCIOLOGY

(2019 Admission onwards)

[Improvement Candidates need not appear for MCQ Part)]
(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 20 Minutes Total No. of Questions: 20 Maximum: 5 Weightage

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- 2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- 3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- 4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

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## SOC 2C 07—URBAN SOCIOLOGY

## (Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1.		— explained how mass urbanizatio	n null	ified opportunities or political participation.		
	(A)	Simmel.	(B)	Weber.		
	(C)	Marx and Engels.	(D)	Robert Redfield.		
2.		- stated urbanization created	a ne	ew form of social cohesion based on mutual		
	interde	pendence.				
	(A)	Simmel.	(B)	Weber.		
	(C)	McKenzie.	(D)	Durkheim.		
3.				an Sociology as a whole system characterized by		
	comple	ex order of social actions, social relat	ions a	nd social institutions.		
	(A)	The City.				
	(B)	Economy and Society.				
	(C)	The Protestant Ethic and the Spir	it of C	Capitalism.		
	(D)	General Economic History.	4			
4.	The —	consumption capacity rests	on the	e revenues of traders based in the city that retail		
		tion locally or abroad.				
	(A)	Capital city.	(B)	Merchant city.		
	(C)	Producer city.	(D)	Consumer city.		
5.	The tw	o basic organizing principles of hur	nan a:	ssociation or social life defined by Tonnies.		
	(A)	City and Village.	(B)	Ingroup and Outgroup.		
	(C)	Gemeinschaft and Gesselschaft.	(D)	Urban and Rural.		
6.		— is the movement of population f	rom r	ural to urban areas and the resulting increasing		
	proportion of a population that resides in urban rather than rural places:					
	(A)	Migration.	(B)	Urbanisation.		
	(C)	Urban Society.	(D)	Urbanism.		
7.	Urbani	zation may be accompanied by —	<del></del> (	or decreasing city size and density.		
	(A)	Over urbanisation.	(B)	Under urbanisation.		
	(C)	Sub-urbanization.	(D)	Counter Urbanization		

8.	A ———— is defined as a city that has a population higher than 10 million people.				
	(A)	Megacity.	(B)	Metropolis.	
	(C)	Megalopolis.	(D)	Megapolis.	
9.		graphical area where a particular nically distinct from the majority gro		ic group is spatially clustered and socially and	
	(A)	Megapolis	(B)	Megalopolis.	
	(C)	Biotic	(D)	Ethnic enclave.	
10.		— occurs when new types of peop	le, in	stitutions, or activities enter an area previously	
	occupie	ed by a different type.			
	(A)	Succession.	(B)	Centralization.	
	(C)	Invasion.	(D)	Clustering.	
11.		— for Park was the study of the prod	ess of	adjustment of human groups to the environment.	
	(A)	Human ecology.	(B)	Human Morphology.	
	(C)	Urban Anatomy.	(D)	Urban Sociology.	
12.	Accord	ing to Park, ———— consists of the	sym]	bolic and psychological adjustment process.	
	(A)	Biotic level.	(B)	Cultural level.	
	(C)	Organic level.	(D)	Systemic level.	
13.		<ul> <li>defined ecology as a study of sparselective, distributive and accommon</li> </ul>		nd temporal relations of human beings as affected e forces of the environment.	
	(A)	Burgess.	(B)	Marcuse.	
	(C)	McKenzie.	(D)	Homer Hoyt.	
14.		— argued that space is not the centra	al con	cern of ecology, but the focus must be on functional	
	differer	ntiation and adaptation of human p	opula	ations.	
	(A)	Hawley.	(B)	McKenzie.	
	(C)	Ritzer.	(D)	Duncan.	
15.		— is credited with introducing the i	dea tl	nat space is socially produced.	
	(A)	Simmel.	(B)	Castells.	
	(C)	Lefebvre.	(D)	R. E. Pahl.	
				Turn over	

is the way cities are shaped according to internal tensions between the use value and exchange value of space.				
(A)	Spatial system.	(B)	Spatial fix.	
(C)	Spatial trance.	(D)	Spatial complex.	
Who in	troduced the concept of "s	pace of flows" ?		
(A)	Duncan.	(B)	George.	
(C)	Castells.	(D)	Harvey.	
	— is closely associated wit	h the issues of	inequality	
(A)	Absolute poverty.	(B)	Relative poverty.	
(C)	Generational poverty.	(D)	Estimated poverty.	
	— is the process of improv	ements and rec	development of urban areas.	
(A)	Urban development.	(B)	Gentrification.	
(C)	Urban renewal.	(D)	Urban sprawl.	
_		entral cities to	smaller communities in the surrounding area is	
(A)	Under urbanisation.	(B)	Suburbanisation.	
(C)	Over- urbanization.	(D)	Rurbanization.	
Ö				
	exchan (A) (C) Who in (A) (C) (A) (C) (A) (C) The money in the second in	exchange value of space.  (A) Spatial system.  (C) Spatial trance.  Who introduced the concept of "space.  (A) Duncan.  (C) Castells.  —— is closely associated with the concept of "space" is closely associated with the concept of "space" is closely associated with the concept of the concept	exchange value of space.  (A) Spatial system. (B)  (C) Spatial trance. (D)  Who introduced the concept of "space of flows"?  (A) Duncan. (B)  (C) Castells. (D)  —— is closely associated with the issues of  (A) Absolute poverty. (B)  (C) Generational poverty. (D)  —— is the process of improvements and reconstruction (A)  (C) Urban development. (B)  (C) Urban renewal. (D)  The movement of people from central cities to known as ——.  (A) Under urbanisation. (B)  (C) Over- urbanization. (D)	

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# SECOND SEMESTER M.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022

(CBCSS—SDE/PRIVATE)

Sociology

SOC 2C 08—GENDER STUDIES

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 30 Weightage

#### Part A

Answer any four questions out of seven in not less than 50 words.

Each question carries 2 weightage.

Define or explain the following:

- 1. Third Gender.
- 2. Third wave feminism.
- 3. Women's Movement.
- 4. Queer Theory.
- 5. Masculinity.
- 6. Domestic violence.
- 7. Gender audit.

 $(4 \times 2 = 8 \text{ weightage})$ 

#### Part B

Answer any four questions in not more than 250 words.

Each question carries 3 weightage.

- 8. Distinguish between sex and Gender.
- 9. What is meant by Gender stereotypes?
- 10. Compare the Marxist and Socialist Feminist perspectives on Gender.
- 11. Critically evaluate the views of Caroline Osella and Philippo Osella on Kerala politics.

- 12. Explain Sherry B. Ottner's theory of masculinity.
- 13. Present the gendered nature of media in India.
- 14. Examine Robin Jeffrey's Kerala model of politics, women and wellbeing.

 $(4 \times 3 = 12 \text{ weightage})$ 

#### Part C

Answer any two questions from the following in not more than 1,000 words.

Each question carries 5 weightage.

- 15. Illustrate the interrelation between gender and economy.
- 16. Explain Judith Butler's analysis of Sex and Gender.
- 17. Examine the problem of gender discrimination in Indian politics.
- 18. Discuss the nature of gender narratives in Kerala as argued by Devika.

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### SECOND SEMESTER M.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2022

(CBCSS—SDE/PRIVATE)

Sociology

SOC 2C 08—GENDER STUDIES

(2019 Admission onwards)

[Improvement Candidates need not appear for MCQ Part]
(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time: 20 Minutes

Total No. of Questions 20

Maximum: 5 Weightage

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- 2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- 3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- 4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

## SOC 2C 08—GENDER STUDIES

# (Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1.	Gender	r refers to the :		
(A) Person's biological and physiological characteristics.		aracteristics.		
	(B)	Cultural and social distinction be	tween	women and men.
	(C)	Roles classified by sex, in which the	ne cla	ssification is social and not biological.
	(D)	Roles assigned biologically.		, O'
2.	Sigmur	nd Freud presented his theory of—		———— in 1950.
	(A)	Social development.	(B)	Intellectual development.
	(C)	Psycho Sexual Development.	(D)	Cognitive development.
3.	Accord	ing to Freud gender identity develo	ped d	uring the stage of development.
	(A)	Phallic.	(B)	Latency.
	(C)	Oral.	(D)	Anal.
4.	Gender	· identity Research project was esta	blish	ed for the study of ———.
	(A)	Male and female.	(B)	Intersexual and Transsexual.
	(C)	Lesbian and Gay.		
5.	Femini	st movements' are aimed at		<del></del> .
	(A)	Liberty.	(B)	Equality.
	(C)	Participation.	(D)	Power.
6.		nan or a man who believes in equal rooption for the definition:	ights	and opportunities for men and women." Select the
	(A)	Feminist.	(B)	Patriarchy.
	(C)	Caste hierarchy.	(D)	Social change.
7.	A man	or woman who believes in equ	ual ri	ghts and opportunities for men and women
	is			
	(A)	Equality.	(B)	Feminism.
	(C)	Gender justice.	(D)	Gender discrimination.

8.	The first wave feminism was mainly concerned with ———.			
	. <b>(A)</b>	Women's right to vote.	(B)	Equal and legal social rights.
	(C)	Participation in the election.	(D)	Destruction of the Patriarchy.
9.	According to Talcott Parsons The role of female in the family is ————.			
	(A)	Instrumental.	(B)	Expressive.
	(C)	Rational.	(D)	Cathetic.
10.	Charlo	otte Hooper's Manly States (2001) is	s an e	xample of ————.
	(A)	Modern textual analysis.	(B)	Postmodern textual analysis.
	(C)	Content analysis.	(D)	Structural analysis.
11.	Queer t	theory finds its roots in :		
	(A)	Structuralism.	(B)	Post-structuralism.
	(C)	Functionalism.	(D)	Interpretivism.
12.	Queer t	theory became an area of study in	the ye	ear
	(A)	1991.	<b>(B</b> )	1992.
	(C)	1993.	(D)	1994.
13.	Who de	eveloped the term 'Hegemonic Maso	ulinit	y' ?
	(A)	Sherry B Ortner.	(B)	Teresa de Lauretis.
	(C)	Sedgwik.	(D)	Raewyn Connell.
14.	Who sa	id that "Religion is a gendered inst	itutio	n"?
	(A)	Karl Marx	(B)	Max weber.
	(C)	Shulamith Firestone.	(D)	Michael Kimmel.
15.	What is the last part of formation of gender identity as specified by Barbara Newmann?			
	(A) Learning gender role standards and stereotypes.			
	(B)	Identifying with parents.		
	(C)	Forming gender preference.		
	(D)	Understanding the concept of ger	ıder.	

16. Unequal or disadvantageous treatment of an individual or group of individuals based on gender,

is ——	<del></del> .		
(A)	Gender identity.	(B)	Gender stereotype.
(C)	Gender discrimination.	(D)	Gender identity disorder.
social d	lifferentiation and patriarchy cau	sed by	by sex originated in lines with the emergence of the historical changes in the modes of production o ————.
(A)	Marxism.	(B)	Functionalism.
(C)	Structural functionalism.	(D)	Postmodernism.
"Wome	n were the first agriculturist, firs	t potter	y makers"-according to whom?
(A)	D D kosambi.	(B)	Shulamith Firestone.
(C)	Ann Oakley.	(D)	Emile Durkheim.
9. ————— refers to men who are attracted to men in a romantic, erotic and emotional sense			
(A)	Lesbian.	(B)	Gay.
(C)	Bisexual.	(D)	Transgender.
	highlights the slogan	the per	son is political'.
(A)	First wave feminism.	(B)	Second wave feminism.
(C)	Third wave feminism.	(D)	LGBT movements.
	(A) (C) "Wome social dand rel (A) (C) "Wome (A) (C) (A) (C) (A) (C)	(A) Gender identity.  (C) Gender discrimination.  "Women's subordination and division of social differentiation and patriarchy cause and related structure". This argument results (A) Marxism.  (C) Structural functionalism.  "Women were the first agriculturist, first (A) D D kosambi.  (C) Ann Oakley.  ———————————————————————————————————	(A) Gender identity. (B)  (C) Gender discrimination. (D)  "Women's subordination and division of labor social differentiation and patriarchy caused by and related structure". This argument related to (A) Marxism. (B)  (C) Structural functionalism. (D)  "Women were the first agriculturist, first potter (A) D D kosambi. (B)  (C) Ann Oakley. (D)  ———————————————————————————————————