D 11036	(Pages :	3)	Name
				Reg. No
THIRD S	SEMESTER P.G. DEGR	EE EX	KAMINATION,	NOVEMBER 2021
		(CCSS)	
		Folklor	e	
	FLS 3E 04—R	ITUAL	AND SOCIETY	
	(2019	Admis	ssions)	
Time : Three Hou	rs			Maximum: 80 Marks
I. All question	ons are compulsory. Each ques	stion car	ries 1 mark :	
1 The b	ook authored by E. Unnikrish	nan :		
(a)	Purity and Violence: Sacred	power i	n the Theyyam Wo	orship of Malabar.
(b)	The Theatre of the earth is a	never de	ad.	
· (c)	A Dictionary of theatre Anth	nropolog	y.	`
(d)	Uttara Keralathile Visudha	Vanaga	1.	
	n of the following is a Classical			
	·Bharatanatyam.	(b)	Thriyattom.	
	Margamkali.	(d)	Koodiyattom.	
			•	nforming at Vernather Dadi
	avathi Temple is considered as	_	eriormer while pe	erforming at Kunnathur Padi
	Secular Dance.	(b)	Ritual narrative.	
		` ,		
	Personal narrative.	(d)	Interview.	
	ding to narration of Madayil (Chamun		
(a)	Chandala and Shumbha.	(b)	Mundana and M	uttappan.
(c)	Chandan and Mundan.	(d)	Paditutti and ma	ındhappan.

(b) Devakothu.

(d) Kutichathan.

5 The only Theyyam performed by Women is:

(a) Vishnumurthy.

(c) Gulikan.

6	The two divine figures personified in Muttappan Theyyam:					
	(a)	Thiruvappana and Vellatom.				
	(b)	Vellatam and Cheriya Muttappan.				
	(c)	Thiruvappana and Valiya Mut	ttapp	an.		
	(d)	Chamundi and Gulikan.				
7	The na	ame of Face Painting pattern is	:			
	(a)	Vairadelam.	(b)	Warli.		
	(c)	Ganjifa.	(d)	Kolam.		
8	Theyy	am is believed to be originated f	rom :	10'		
	(a)	Yakshagana.	(b)	Mohiniattom.		
	(c)	Kaliyattam.	(d)	Kathakkali.		
9	The m	usical instrument used in They	yam I	Performance:		
	(a)	Veena.	(b)	Elathalam.		
	(c)	Tabla.	(d)	Violin.		
10	The te	mple in which Theyyam is being	g perf	formed :		
	(a)	Ananthapadmanabha at Trivandrum.				
	(b)	Guruvayurappan Temple.				
	(c)	c) Shiva Temple at Thrissur.				
	(d)	Sacred Grove Guliga kanu in I	Vilesł	nwar.		
	$(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$					
Ans	Answer any $eight$ questions of the following. Each question carries 5 marks. Each answer should					
not	not exceed 300 words:					
11	Define Ritual and Explain What is Ritual Performance?					
12	12 Write a note on Gulikan Theyyam.					
13	Which communities are involving in the performance of Theyyam? Explain.					
14	Write about the characteristic features of a Folk Performing Art.					
15	How Ecotourism is different from picnic? Explain.					

II.

- 16 Write a note on face painting patterns in Theyyam Performance.
- 17 Write about musical instruments used in Theyyam.
- 18 Write a note on Patrons of Theyyam performance and its management.
- 19 Write a note on Tharavad.
- 20 Explain the concepts: Temple, shrine, Grove.

 $(8 \times 5 = 40 \text{ marks})$

III. Answer any *two* questions of the following. Each question carries 15 marks. Each answer should not exceed 800 words:

3

- 21 Explain the impact of Globalisation on Theyyam performance.
- 22 How commercialisation affected Folk performances in Kerala? Explain.
- 23 Write about the changes in Traditional performances due to modernisation.
- 24 Write about patron-performer-Audience relationships in a Theyyam performance.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$

D 11035 (Pages: 3) Name.....

Reg. No.....

THIRD SEMESTER P.G. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

(CCSS)

Folklore

FLS 3E 03—FOLKLORE AND MASS MEDIA

	(2019)	Admi	ssions)	
Time : Three Ho	urs			Maximum: 80 Marks
I. All quest	ions are compulsory. Each question	n car	ries 1 mark :	
1 The	author of the Book 'Mass Commu	nicat	ion India':	
A) Keval Kumar Jain.	B)	M.V. Kamath.	
C) Spensor Crump.	D)	Regina bendix.	
2 Expa	and 'TV' :			
A) True vision.	B)	To show virtual life.	
C) Television.	D)	Trial Video.	
3 The	book 'Applied Folklore' is edited b	y:		
A) Elliot Oring.	B)	Richard Dorson.	
C) Linda Degh.	D)	Richard Bauman.	
4 The	first newspaper of India :			
A) Hicky's Bengal Gazette.	B)	East India News.	
C) Kolkota Gazette.	D)	Young India.	
5 The	first newspapers edited Published	l by N	Iahatma Gandhi :	
A	Young India.	B)	Harijan.	
C) Harijan Sevak.	D)	Indian Opinion.	
6 The	first Malayalam TV channel in Pr	ivate	section is:	
A) Kairali.	B)	Sun.	
C) Asianet	D)	Colours.	

7	The e	nactment year of Right to inform	ıatior	n Act in India :		
	A)	2006.	B)	2005.		
	C)	2004.	D)	2000.		
8	An exa	ample for Mass media :				
	A)	News Paper.	B)	Demy official letters.		
	C)	Circular.	D)	Discovery of India by Nehru.		
9	The ed	litorial will be published in the r	ıame	of:		
	A)	Chief Editor.	В)	Reporter.		
	C)	Political Analyst.	D)	Economic Advisor.		
10	The pe	erson who collects the news is ca	lled :			
	A)	Press person.	B)	Teacher.		
	C)	Informant.	D)	Editor.		
				$(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$		
	Answer any $eight$ questions. Each question carries 5 marks. Each answer should not exceed 300 words:					
1,1	What i	is meant by Mass Media ?				
12	Write	about the characteristics of Mass	s Med	dia.		
13	Write	about Social Responsibility Theo	ry.			
14	How F	olklore acts as a Media for comm	nunic	cation? Explain.		
15	Define	Folklore as defined by Don-Ber	ı Amo	os.		
16	Write a note on Folklore and revivalism.					
17	7 'Folklore is a media of Vertical Transmission'. Discuss.					
18	What is meant by Audio-visual media?					
19	Write a	a note on e-commerce and Folklo	re.			
20	What i	s meant by Journalism?				
				$(8 \times 5 = 40 \text{ marks})$		

II.

3 D 11035

- III. Answer any *two* questions of the following. Each question carries 15 marks. Each answer should not exceed 800 words:
 - 21 Why Folklore is considered as a means of Mass Media? Explain.
 - 22 Write a detailed note on various types of communications.
 - 23 Write a detailed note on various methods of News Gathering.
 - 24 Write a detailed note of important Newspapers of Kerala.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$

D 11034 (Pages : 2) Name.....

Reg. No.....

THIRD SEMESTER P.G. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

(CCSS)

Folklore

FLS 3C 10—RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Time: Three H	Iours			Maximum: 80 Marks
I. All questi	ries 1 mark :			
1 The a	uthor of the book 'Folklorinu oru	Pata	anapadhathi':	
A)	Raghavan Payyanad.	B)	K. M. Anil.	
C)	Vishnu Namboodri.	D)	K.K. N Kurug.	
2 Predi	cting a result before conducting t	he ac	ctual research is known	as:
A)	Hypothesis.	B)	Horoscope reading.	
C)	Inference.	D)	Conclusion.	
3 Recor	ding Theyyam songs by a perform	er in .	All India Radio voice reco	ording studio is considered
A)	A Natural Context.	B)	An Induced context.	
C)	Not a Folklore.	D)	A Popular song.	
4 Which one of the following is related to post-field work activity?				
A) Recording text narration while performance is going on.				
В)	Collecting text through Audio r	ecord	ling before the Performa	ance commences.
C)	Transcription and Transliterati	on of	Texts.	
D)	Charging the battery for record	ing o	oral texts.	
5 Whiel	n is a Written document in the fo	llowi	ng?	
A)	Slide	B)	Flash card.	
C)	Biographical Sketch	D)	Micro films.	
6 An example for Folk Performing Arts of Kerala:				
A)	Mohini Attom	B)	Thiriyattom	
C)	Kathakkali	ומ	Cymbals	

,	אקן ווא	ample for material Culture.				
	A)	Bullock Cart.	B)	Wedding songs.		
	C)	Life cycle rituals.	D)	Folk epics.		
8	The co	onclusion of the Inductive study	will l	pe used as ———— for the deductive study.		
	A)	Conclusion.	B)	Starting point.		
	C)	Validity.	D)	Tool for Testing.		
9 The Research method which aims at producing new knowledge is known as:						
	A)	Inductive method.	B)	Deductive method.		
	C)	Survey method.	D)	Testing.		
10	A met	thod used to increase the credit	bility	and validity of Research findings is known as		
	A)	Triangulation method.	B)	Inductive method.		
	C)	Deductive method.	D)	Observation method.		
				$(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$		
		y <i>eight</i> questions of the following 300 words :	g. Ea	ch question carries 5 marks. Each answer should		
11	What	is meant by validity in Research	?			
12	How reliability in Research can be assessed?					
13	What is meant by Inductive reasoning?					
14	Write a note on confirmation or rejection in Research.					
15	What do you mean by Naturalism?					
16	What is meant by Data Triangulation?					
17	What	is Critique in Research?				
18	Write	a note on context analysis.				
19	What	do you mean by Gender discrimi	inatio	on ?		
20	What	do you mean by Patent?				
				$(8 \times 5 = 40 \text{ marks})$		
		y <i>two</i> questions of the following. 800 words :	Eacl	h question carries 15 marks. Each answer should		
21	Write	the qualities of a good Research	er.			
ດດ	W/hat	do you mean by primary and s	ימממי	dary Data? Explain various tools used for date		

II.

collection.

Write a note on Subjective logic applied in Research.Explain the meaning and purpose of Triangulation.

D 11033	(Pa	ges:	3)	Name	
				Reg. No	
THIRD S	SEMESTER P.G. DEGRE	E EX	XAMINATION,	NOVEMBER 2021	
	(0	CSS)		
	Fo	lklor	e		
	FLS 3C 09—FOLKLORIS	TICS	-POST MODE	RN ERA	
	(2019 A	Admis	ssions)		
Time : Three Hou	rs			Maximum : 80 Marks	
I. All questi	ons are <i>compulsory</i> Each question	n carı	ries 1 mark :		
1 Accor	ding to Peirce the symbolic sign i	s assi	gned or is accepted	l as societal :	
(a)	Tension.	(þ)	Convention.		
(c)	Tradition.	(d)	Attitude.		
2 Cours	e in General linguistics is compo	sed fr	om Lecture Notes	of:	
(a)	Saussure.	(b)	Peirce.		
(c)	Derrida.	(d)	Barthes.		
3 'Signi	fication' is the concept explained	by:			
(a)	Roland Barthes.	(b)	Peirce.		
(c)	Derrida.	(d)	Saussure.		
4 'Folklore means artistic communication in small Groups'. This definition is given by:					
(a)	Don Ben-Amos.	(b)	C.F. Potter.		
(c)	Alan Dundes.	(d)	W.J. Thoms.		
5 The book 'Verbal art as Performance' is authored by:					

(b) Stuart H. Blackburn.

(d) Foley John Mills.

(a) Victor Turner.

(c) Richard Bauman.

D 11033

6	According to Victor Turner Rites of passage are antithetical to existing ———.					
	(a)	Social Structure.	(b)	Drama.		
	(c)	Ritual Structure.	(d)	Conventional practise.		
7	The id	ea that gender is something ins	cribed	l in daily practices, learned and performed based		
	on cul	tural norms of feminity and mas	culin	ity is known as:		
	(a)	Gender Performance.	(b)	Social attitude.		
	(c)	Tradition.	(d)	Gender discrimination.		
8	A Viol	ation of a rule understood by the	e maj	ority of the Group is known as :		
	(a)	Positive norm.	(b)	Relative norm.		
	(c)	Deviance.	(d)	Norm.		
9	To rele	egate to unimportant position wi	th in	a society or a Group is known as:		
	(a)	Neglect.	(b)	Out Caste.		
	(c)	Marginalisation.	(d)	Exclusion.		
10	10 One of the General problems in India is :					
	(a)	Power Politics.	(b)	Gender Discrimination.		
	(c)	Uneducated.	(d)	Unity in Diversity.		
				$(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$		
Ans	wer an	y <i>eight</i> questions of the following	g. Ea	ch question carries 5 marks. Each answer should		
not	not exceed 300 words.					
11	11 Explain the importance of study of semiotics in Folklore.					
12	12 Write a note on Performance Theory.					
13	13 What do you mean by Feminism?					
14	14 Explain the concept of marginality based upon Race.					
15	15 What is meant by Gender Struggle?					

II.

16 Write about 'Gender and Folklore'.

- 17 Write a note on gender issues in Folklore Research.
- 18 Describe the importance of contextual theory in Folklore Studies.
- 19 What is meant by Marginality?
- 20 What is the impact of marginality on Folklore Studies?

 $(8 \times 5 = 40 \text{ marks})$

III. Answer any *two* questions of the following. Each question carries 15 marks. Each answer should not exceed 800 words:

3

- 21 Write about the inter relationship of text and context.
- 22 Write a note on Characteristics of Folk Performing arts.
- 23 'Post-modern thought has brought revolutionary change in understanding the culture'.

 Describe the meaning of this statement.
- 24 Write about the concept of marginality and its importance in Folklore Studies.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$