

D 13044-A

(Pages : 4)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

**FIRST SEMESTER M.A. DEGREE (REGULAR/SUPPLEMENTARY)
EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021**

[November 2020 session for SDE/Private students]

(CBCSS)

Sociology

SO 1C 04—RURAL AND TRIBAL SOCIETIES IN INDIA

(2019 Admission onwards)

{Covid instructions are not applicable for Pvt/SDE students (November 2020 session)}

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time : 20 Minutes

Total No. of Questions : 20

Maximum : 5 Weightage

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
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SO 1C 04—RURAL AND TRIBAL SOCIETIES IN INDIA

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1. Who authored the book “Ancient Law” ?
(A) Aristotle. (B) Plato.
(C) Socrates. (D) Henry S. Maine.
2. Where Rural Sociology did firstly developed in world ?
(A) Egypt. (B) USA.
(C) India. (D) Europe.
3. ————— a society coming after the hunting and gathering society.
(A) Agrarian society. (B) Industrial society.
(C) Pre-industrial society. (D) Food gathering society.
4. Which are the forms of villages explained in *Valmiki Ramayana* ?
(A) Rural & Urban. (B) Gramam & Village.
(C) Ghosh & Gram. (D) Primitive & non-primitive village.
5. Which is the major factor influencing the capacity of people to grade the objectivity and subjectivity ?
(A) Socialization. (B) Operant conditioning.
(C) Social conditioning. (D) Economic conditioning.
6. When did Permanent Settlement system introduced in India ?
(A) 1798. (B) 1793.
(C) 1773. (D) 1775.
7. ————— the moving of social structure from farming to non-farming sector.
(A) Agrarianless. (B) Non-agrarianization.
(C) Pre-agrarianization. (D) De-agrarianization.

8. Which of the tribal groups of North-East is seeking a separate State to be carved out of Assam ?
- (A) Bodo. (B) Miso.
(C) Garo. (D) Kuki.
9. Which is the Land Settlement system with Panchayath acted as intermediary ?
- (A) Mahalwari Settlement. (B) Ryotwari Settlement.
(C) Permanent Settlement. (D) Munro system.
10. Which are the aspects reformed by the Land reforms ?
- (A) Abolition of exploitation and land consolidation.
(B) Abolition of intermediaries, land ceiling & land consolidation.
(C) Abolition of land concentration in Landlords.
(D) Land redistribution and abolition of administration of King.
11. Who wrote the book *Studies in Agrarian Social structure* ?
- (A) R D McKenzie. (B) Andre Beteille.
(C) M N Srinivas. (D) A R Desai.
12. What is the prime objective of Community Development Programme ?
- (A) Economic development. (B) Social development.
(C) Educational development. (D) Rural welfare.
13. Who introduced the concept of Universalization and Parochialization in sociology ?
- (A) McKenzie. (B) McKim Marriot.
(C) Robert Redfield. (D) M N Srinivas.
14. Which are the elements constitute the village Panchayath ?
- (A) Gram Panchayath, Block Panchayath & Zila Parishad.
(B) Village, Panchayath Council & District council.
(C) Dominant caste, Village Panchayath & Panchayathi Raj.
(D) Grama Sabha, Grama Panchayath & Nyaya Panchayath.

15. Which is the first State in India to adopt Panchayath Raj system after independence ?
- (A) Bihar. (B) Andhra Pradesh.
(C) Keralam. (D) Rajasthan.
16. Which schedule was added to the constitution by the 73rd Constitutional Amendment ? .
- (A) 10th Schedule. (B) 12th Schedule.
(C) 13th Schedule. (D) 11th Schedule.
17. Which constitutional Amendments give recognition and protection to local government ?
- (A) 72nd and 73rd. (B) 104th and 73rd.
(C) 73rd and 74th. (D) 74th and 75th.
18. Which are the approaches followed in tribal development Planning ?
- (A) Dialectical, Indological and integrationist.
(B) Isolationist, Accommodationist and Assimilationist.
(C) Interactionist, functionalist and structuralist.
(D) Isolationist, Assimilationist and integrationist.
19. Who is the designer of integrationist approach ?
- (A) Jawarlal Nehru. (B) Yogendra Singh.
(C) McKim Marriot. (D) McKenzie.
20. Which is the programme included in promotional measures of Tribal development ?
- (A) Upliftment Programmes. (B) Welfare programmes.
(C) Protection Programmes. (D) Promotion Programmes.

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Sociology

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(2019 Admission onwards)

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Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 30 Weightage

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Part A

Answer any four questions in not less than 50 words.

Each question carries 2 weightage.

1. Define Society.
2. What do you mean by Village ?
3. Define Community.
4. What is Migration ?
5. Define Tribe.
6. What is Dominant caste ?
7. What is Tribal development ?

(4 × 2 = 8 weightage)

Turn over

Part B

Answer any four questions in not more than 250 words.

Each question carries 3 weightage.

8. Discuss People's planning programme.
9. Write a short note on De-peasantization.
10. Explain the impact of Globalisation in Rural Society.
11. Elaborate the Demographic features of Tribes in India.
12. Discuss tribe, caste continuum.
13. What are the features of caste panchayath ?
14. Write a short note on rural social transformation.

(4 × 3 = 12 weightage)

Part C

Answer any two questions from the following in not more than 1,000 words.

Each question carries 5 weightage.

15. Explain the Problems of Tribes in India.
16. Elaborate the community development programmes in India.
17. Illustrate the Perspectives on Indian Village Community.
18. Explain the major factors for the decline of Agrarian Economy.

(2 × 5 = 10 weightage)

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Sociology

SO 1C 03—SOCIOLOGY OF INDIAN SOCIETY

(2019 Admission onwards)

(Covid instructions are not applicable for Pvt/SDE students (November 2020 session))

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time : 20 Minutes**Total No. of Questions : 20****Maximum : 5 Weightage****INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE**

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SO 1C 03—SOCIOLOGY OF INDIAN SOCIETY
(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1. _____ is the major feature of rural society.
(A) Haemogeneity. (B) Homogeneity.
(C) Heterogeneity. (D) Hierarchy.
2. What is one of the institution among the institutions related to the term family, which are identified by Rivers ?
(A) Clan. (B) Ethnic.
(C) Class. (D) Moitey.
3. Who use the Marxian theory while analyzing the Indian class structure in agrarian relation ?
(A) G. P. Murdock. (B) D. P. Mukherjee.
(C) Karl Marx. (D) A. R. Desai.
4. _____ who own but do not cultivate land.
(A) Peasants. (B) Landlords.
(C) Zamindar. (D) Labourers.
5. _____ is the process of destruction of the old handicraft industry without commensurate the growth of modern industry.
(A) De-peasantization. (B) De-colonization.
(C) De-industrialization. (D) De-agrarinization.
6. Which is the prominent work written by Abul fazal influence the emergence of sociology in India ?
(A) Ain-i-Akbari. (B) Deen-Ilahi.
(C) Jizhiya. (D) Hothus Malabarius.
7. Which is the second stage of the development of sociology in India as conceptualized by R. K. Mukherjee ?
(A) Pro-professional stage. (B) Currently needed stage.
(C) Professional stage. (D) Professional stage.

8. Who made the classic study India as a secular state ?
- (A) George Holyoake. (B) Herbert Spencer.
(C) Roland Barthes. (D) Donald Eugene Smith.
9. Who among the following wrote the book 'Indian Village' ?
- (A) S. C. Dube. (B) R. C. Dube.
(C) M. N. Srinivas. (D) McKim Marriot.
10. Who wrote the book *Homo hierarchicus* ?
- (A) Herbert Risely. (B) Louis Dumont.
(C) Ketkar. (D) John Munro.
11. Sanskritisation promotes————.
- (A) Cultural Mobility. (B) Structural mobility.
(C) Social mobility. (D) Functional Mobility.
12. Who among the following the prominent advocates of structural-functionalist approach in Indian sociology ?
- (A) Parsons & Coser. (B) N. K. Bose & S Sinha.
(C) Tagore & Nehru. (D) M. N. Srinivas & S. C. Dube.
13. S. C. Dube applied structural-functional approach for studying the————.
- (A) Indian village community. (B) Village.
(C) Caste. (D) Culture.
14. Which book of M. N. Srinivas mentioned the concepts of sanskritisation and westernization ?
- (A) Social change in modern India. (B) Social system in Mysore village.
(C) Social structure in Ancient India. (D) Indian Village.
15. Which is the predecessor of the concept sanskritisation as founded by M. N. Srinivas ?
- (A) Westernization. (B) Modernization.
(C) Brahmanization. (D) Elite emulation.

16. Who is the prominent historical Anthropologist combined the field and archival data in a very early period of Indian Anthropology ?
- (A) N. K. Bose. (B) Surajith Chandra Sinha.
(C) Irawati Karve. (D) M. N. Srinivas.
17. In opinion of M. N. Srinivas ————— is the microcosm of Indian society and civilization.
- (A) Village. (B) Caste.
(C) Urban. (D) Rural.
18. Who studied Shamirpet village in Madhya Pradesh :
- (A) M. Shah. (B) M. N. Srinivas.
(C) S. C. Dube. (D) McKim Marriot.
19. When did the term subaltern get popularized ?
- (A) With the development of colonial studies.
(B) With the British administration.
(C) Post- Independence period.
(D) Modern Period.
20. Why Ambedkar called Dalits as *Antya* ?
- (A) They are arranged in lower part of hierarchy.
(B) They coming from last.
(C) They live at the end of village.
(D) They live in outskirts of village.

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Sociology

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(2019 Admission onwards)

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Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 30 Weightage

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Part A

Answer any four questions in not less than 50 words.

Each question carries 2 weightage.

1. Define Modernity.
2. Define Caste.
3. What is Contextualization ?
4. Define Indigenization.
5. Homohierarchius.
6. Define Sanskritization.
7. What is Poverty ?

(4 × 2 = 8 weightage)

Turn over

Part B

*Answer any four questions in not more than 250 words.
Each question carries 3 weightage.*

8. Explain 'Little and Great Tradition'.
9. Discuss Dialectical approach of D.P Mukherjee on Indian Social Structure.
10. Briefly explain Freedom movement and emergence of the Indian Nation.
11. Write a short note on Structural-Functional approach
12. What are the features of Caste according to Ghurye ?
13. Discuss in brief the views of Tagore on Nationalism.
14. Explain the Subaltern approach in Indian Sociology.

(4 × 3 = 12 weightage)

Part C

*Answer any two questions from the following in not more than 1000 words.
Each question carries 5 weightage.*

15. Write an essay on Development of Sociology in India.
16. Elaborate Historical context and emergence of Indian society.
17. Discuss in detail Cultural Approach to the study of Indian Society.
18. Discuss in detail about the existing inequality of caste and class in Indian society.

(2 × 5 = 10 weightage)

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Sociology

SO 1C 02—RESEARCH METHODOLOGY OF SOCIOLOGY

(2019 Admission onwards)

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(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time : 20 Minutes

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SO 1C 02—RESEARCH METHODOLOGY OF SOCIOLOGY

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1. Which branch of philosophy discuss the nature of being and its existence ?
 - (A) Ontology.
 - (B) Epistemology.
 - (C) Axiology.
 - (D) Logic.
2. Social research method help the researcher :
 - (A) To gather information for solve the research questions.
 - (B) To make awareness among participant.
 - (C) To make research design.
 - (D) All of the above.
3. Which is not a classification of continuous variable ?
 - (A) Constant variable.
 - (B) Dichotomous variable.
 - (C) Predicator variable.
 - (D) Polytomous variable.
4. "Truth and method" written by _____ ?
 - (A) William James.
 - (B) John foster.
 - (C) Martin Heidegger.
 - (D) Hans George Gadamer.
5. To convert concept in to variables, researchers need to identify _____ of that concepts with a set of criteria ?
 - (A) Theory.
 - (B) Data.
 - (C) Hypothesis.
 - (D) Indicators.
6. It is a part of scientific method that provide different steps in research process. It is known as _____ ?
 - (A) Research design.
 - (B) Research question.
 - (C) Case study design.
 - (D) None of the above.
7. Universe is divided into certain homogeneous groups of regions and from each group, some units of representative purposively selected according to the discretion of the researcher. Which is known as _____ ?
 - (A) Random sampling.
 - (B) Probability sampling.
 - (C) Nonprobability sampling.
 - (D) Stratified sampling.

8. Which term used by Alfred Schutz to characterize the distinct dimension of reality ?
- (A) Constructivism. (B) Natural setting.
(C) Social world. (D) Rationalism.
9. The principle not based on inductive strategy ?
- (A) Accumulation. (B) Induction.
(C) Instance confirmation. (D) Generalization.
10. Systematic sampling is a subtype of _____.
- (A) Cluster Sampling. (B) Random Sampling.
(C) Stratified Sampling. (D) Judgmental Sampling.
11. The problem not related to objectivity in social research ?
- (A) Social scientist is part of human society and their judgements are subjective.
(B) Different values exists in society.
(C) Subject matter of social science is not complex.
(D) Various nature of human problems.
12. Which statements and propositions not related to the theory ?
- (A) Logically consistent.
(B) Interrelated.
(C) Propositions should be mutually exclusive.
(D) None of the above.
13. Four types of systematic review, excluding ?
- (A) Meta summary. (B) Rapid view.
(C) Meta-analysis. (D) Methodological review.
14. Which is not a function of research design ?
- (A) Constant function. (B) Directional Function.
(C) Anticipatory Function. (D) As a Blue print of the study.

15. _____ is a process, which distinguish key ideas and thoughts that are covered in textual data ?
- (A) Open coding. (B) Axial coding.
(C) Selective coding. (D) None of the above.
16. Which of the following is not a characteristics of hypothesis ?
- (A) It is a tentative proposition.
(B) Its validity is unknown.
(C) Statements of factual information.
(D) It specifies the relationship between two or more variables.
17. Which among the following is the role of theory in research ?
- (A) Theory delimits the study. (B) Provide conceptual model.
(C) States universal law. (D) All of the above.
18. "A hypothesis is a conjectural statement of the relationship between two or more variables". Who defined ?
- (A) Gordon Marshall. (B) Kerlinger.
(C) Norbert Elias. (D) Richard Dawkins.
19. The researcher selecting sample from the population. The process is known as _____ ?
- (A) Survey. (B) Sampling.
(C) Variable. (D) Value.
20. Theory as a set of logically interrelated statements in the form of empirical assertions about propertied of infinite classes of events or things" who defined ?
- (A) Jack Gibbs. (B) Braithwaite.
(C) Arnold Rose. (D) John Dewey.

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Part A

Answer any four question in not less than 50 words.

Each question carries 2 weightage.

1. What is Objectivity ?
2. Define Epistemology.
3. What is a Theory ?
4. Define Variable.
5. What is Questionnaire ?
6. Define Sampling.
7. What is Visual Ethnography ?

(4 × 2 = 8 weightage)

Turn over

Part B

*Answer any four questions in not more than 250 words.
Each question carries 3 weightage*

8. What do you mean by scientific method in social science ?
9. Explain the relationship between theory and research.
10. Elaborate ethical concerns in Social Research.
11. Write a short note on Triangulation.
12. What are the Sources of Secondary Data ?
13. Elaborate Content Analysis.
14. Explain Non-probability sampling.

(4 × 3 = 12 weightage)

Part C

*Answer any two questions from the following in not more than 1,000 words.
Each question carries 5 weightage.*

15. Elaborate on the Nature and scope of Qualitative Research Methods.
16. Write an essay on the different types of research designs.
17. Discuss in detail about different types of sampling.
18. Elaborate the steps of Social Science research.

(2 × 5 = 10 weightage)

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Sociology

SO 1C 01—FOUNDATIONS OF SOCIOLOGICAL THEORY

(2019 Admission onwards)

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(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

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SO 1C 01—FOUNDATIONS OF SOCIOLOGICAL THEORY
(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1. _____ paved way for the destruction of feudal system and emergence of modern capitalism.
(A) Scientific thought. (B) French revolution.
(C) Industrial revolution. (D) Globalization.
2. Who said that Sociology is a science ?
(A) Auguste Comte. (B) Herbert Spencer.
(C) Emile Durkheim. (D) Max Webber.
3. 'The Law of Three Stages' is an idea developed by :
(A) Herbert Spencer. (B) Auguste Comte.
(C) Karl Marx. (D) George Simmel.
4. The concept of 'Social evolution' was developed by :
(A) Herbert Spencer. (B) Auguste Comte.
(C) Gerorge Simmel. (D) Emile Durkheim.
5. The Elementary Forms of Religious Life is written by :
(A) Karl Marx. (B) E-mile Durkheim.
(C) Auguste Comte. (D) Gerorge Simmel.
6. According to Durkheim primitive societies are characterised by :
(A) Mechanical solidarity. (B) Organic solidarity.
(C) Nominal solidarity. (D) Attitudinal solidarity.
7. According to Durkheim, the industrial societies are characterised by :
(A) Mechanical solidarity. (B) Nominal solidarity.
(C) Attitudinal solidarity. (D) Organic solidarity.

8. The concept of Bureaucracy was given by :
- (A) Max Weber. (B) E-mile Durkheim.
(C) Herbert Spencer. (D) Auguste Comte.
9. The type of action guided by customs and longstanding beliefs is :
- (A) Wert-rational action. (B) Zweck-rational action.
(C) Traditional action. (D) Affective action.
10. The Communist Manifesto was written in the year :
- (A) 1848. (B) 1838.
(C) 1845. (D) 1854.
11. In Marxist theory, the working class is called :
- (A) The proletariat. (B) Bourgeoisie.
(C) Capitalists. (D) Leftists.
12. According to Marx, the capacity to do a useful work that increases the value of the products is called :
- (A) Surplus value. (B) Labour value.
(C) Labour power. (D) Exploitation.
13. The system in which the capitalists own the means of production is :
- (A) Socialism. (B) Capitalism.
(C) Feudalism. (D) Communism.
14. The concept of alienation is developed by :
- (A) Karl Marx. (B) Max Weber.
(C) Herbert Spencer. (D) Auguste Comte.
15. In a capitalist society, Bourgeoisie exploit _____.
- (A) Slaves. (B) Proletariats.
(C) Lords. (D) Serfs.

16. Marx called the capacity of human labour to bring about utility in a commodity and produce simple use values as :
- (A) Useful labour. (B) Abstract labour.
(C) Distinct labour. (D) Definite labour.
17. The type of alienation in which human beings lose control over the capacity of their labour to affirm their being and define their self-existence is :
- (A) Alienation from the product activity.
(B) Alienation from the product.
(C) Alienation from the self.
(D) Alienation from fellow-beings.
18. The type of social bonding that discourages individual autonomy in a society is termed as :
- (A) Mechanical solidarity. (B) Organic solidarity.
(C) Homogenous solidarity. (D) Heterogeneous solidarity.
19. According to Durkheim, ——— are external to the individual.
- (A) Social facts. (B) Social solidarity.
(C) Social justice. (D) Social sanction.
20. Weber refers practical rationality as :
- (A) The amount of quantitative calculation and accounting procedure that goes into an action or decision.
(B) A way of looking at the world in which the meaning of an act is believed to lie in its function or utility.
(C) The one that imposes order on reality by conceptual reasoning.
(D) A practical orientation of action regarding outcomes or results.

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Part A

Answer any four questions in not less than 50 words.

Each question carries 2 weightage.

1. What is formal Sociology ?
2. Define Class.
3. What is Organic Solidarity ?
4. Define Anomie.
5. What is positivism ?
6. Define Social theory.
7. Define Renaissance.

(4 × 2 = 8 weightage)

Turn over

Part B

Answer any four questions in not more than 250 words.

Each question carries 3 weightage.

8. What you mean by Philosophy of Money ?
9. Explain Comte theory of law of three stages.
10. Briefly analyze the role of enlightenment in sociological theorizing.
11. Write a short note on Organic Analogy.
12. Explain the contributions of Durkheim in Sociology.
13. Discuss in detail the ideology of class struggle.
14. What is the Theory of power and authority ?

(4 × 3 = 12 weightage)

Part C

Answer any two questions from the following in not more than 1,000 words.

Each question carries 5 weightage.

15. Narrate the Intellectual and Social forces in the development of sociological theory in Europe.
16. Elaborate the ideas of Durkheim on Suicide.
17. Discuss and critically analyze the Theory of bureaucracy.
18. Write an essay on Relationships and Social types by Simmel.

(2 × 5 = 10 weightage)

D 12241

Name.....

Reg. No.....

FIRST SEMESTER P.G. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

(CCSS)

Sociology

SGU 1C 04—RURAL AND TRIBAL SOCIETIES IN INDIA

(2019 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Part A

Answer any five questions in not less than 250 words.

Each question carries 8 marks.

1. Discuss the concept of Peasant society.
2. Discuss the role of Panchayati Raj Institution in Rural Development.
3. Explain the major challenges faced by tribal society in India.
4. What is participatory rural appraisal ?
5. Explain the various land reforms introduced in India after Independence.
6. Explain the role of agriculture in rural development.
7. Describe the various objectives and importance of rural development.
8. What is rural development ? What are the approaches to rural development in India ?

(5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Part B

Answer any two questions from the following in not more than 1000 words.

Each question carries 20 marks.

9. What do you understand by Community Development ? Describe, in brief, the objectives and activities of Community Development Programme.
10. Enlist the reasons for failure of land reforms in India.
11. What steps are taken for the upliftment of the tribes by Indian Government ?
12. Briefly explain agrarian class structure in pre-British, British and Post-British period in India.

(2 × 20 = 40 marks)

D 12240

Name.....

Reg. No.....

FIRST SEMESTER P.G. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

(CCSS)

Sociology

SGU 1C 03—SOCIOLOGY OF INDIAN SOCIETY

(2019 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Part A

Answer any five questions in not less than 250 words.

Each question carries 8 marks.

1. Narrate Satish Despande's view on Post-Independence era.
2. Discuss about the concept of purity and pollution.
3. What do you understand by secularism and communism ?
4. Illuminate on the civilization view of Indian Society by N.K.Bose.
5. Write briefly about the views of Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru on nationalism.
6. What do you understand by Devi Movement ?
7. Write a note on the features of Caste system by Ghurye.
8. Explain A.R.Desai's view of Freedom movement and Indian Nationalism.

(5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Part B

Answer any two questions from the following in not more than 1,000 words.

Each question carries 20 marks.

9. Elucidate on the Indological approach of Louis Dumont.
10. Explain in detail the cultural approach of Surjith Sinha.
11. Discuss about the current issues of Indian Society.
12. Elaborate on the ideas of A.R.Desai on Indian Society.

(2 × 20 = 40 marks)

D 12239

Name.....

Reg. No.....

FIRST SEMESTER P.G. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

(CCSS)

Sociology

SGU 1C 02—RESEARCH METHODOLOGY OF SOCIOLOGY

(2019 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Part A

Answer any five questions in not less than 250 words.

Each question carries 8 marks.

1. What is Methodology ?
2. What is called as grounded theory ?
3. Write about Comte's idea of positivism ?
4. Write about Margaret Mead's study of Tchambuli culture ?
5. What are the processes of theory building ?
6. What is Bourdieu's theory of practice ?
7. What is called as idealism?
8. What is Enlightenment ?

(5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Part B

Answer any two questions from the following in not more than 1,000 words.

Each question carries 20 marks.

9. Examine the relationship between science, modernity and sociology ?
10. Comment on the critique of positivism ?
11. Write about qualitative content analysis ?
12. How do you problematize 'Other' in Sociology ?

(2 × 20 = 40 marks)

D 12238

Name.....

Reg. No.....

FIRST SEMESTER P.G. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

(CCSS)

Sociology

SGU 1C 01—FOUNDATIONS OF SOCIOLOGICAL THEORY

(2019 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Part A

Answer any five questions in not less than 250 words.

Each question carries 8 marks.

1. "Max Weber's entire sociology was based on his conception of social action"- Explain.
2. Discuss the relationship and social types by George Simmel.
3. How did Karl Marx relate the concepts of dialectical materialism and historical materialism ?
4. Describe Auguste Comte's method of Positivism.
5. Differentiate between the two types of social solidarity proposed by Emile Durkheim.
6. Examine the role of French revolution and industrial revolution in the development of Sociology.
7. Analyze Weber's views on bureaucracy as a formal rational organization.
8. Write a note on commodity fetishism.

(5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Part B

Answer any two questions from the following in not more than 1000 words.

Each question carries 20 marks.

9. Max Weber is known as bourgeoisie Marx: Examine.
10. Write an essay based on the important contributions of George Simmel.
11. Briefly discuss the theory of class and class conflict by Karl Marx.
12. Analyze the increase in the rate of suicide during the pandemic period in Kerala society, based on the theory of suicide by Emile Durkheim.

(2 × 20 = 40 marks)